HEART TO HEART 4



USER'S MANUAL



manual Ver.8 for HeartToHeart4 Ver.2.4

Table of contents

Introduction	4
Licensing Precautions	4 4
About HeartToHeart4	5
Outline / Features Conditions of Use	5
Introduction to the RCB-4HV / mini Corresponding Hardware	5
Preparation	8
Install Software	8
Uninstall Software	8
Confirm After Installation	8
Activate Software	9
Terminate Software	9
Function of Each Menu	10
Main Window	10
Toolbar: Main Window	15
Sub Window	17
How to Use HTH4 - Basics	24
Create a Project, Run a Sample Motion and Save Data	24
1.Load Project (Import)	25
2.Project Setting and Robot Trim Adjustment	28
3.Running Sample Motions	33
5.Edit Sample Motion	30
How to Use HTH4 - Intermediate	41
Project, Guide and Motion Creation	41
1.Project	42
2.Creating Motion	52
3.Motion Conversion Function	65
	72
	73 כד
Position	73 74
SingleServo	75
-	

● CmpAD	76
● CompareButton	77
● Cmp PIO	78
● CmpTmr	79
● CmpValue	80
● LoopCounter	80
● CalibrateAD	81
• Remix	81
ServoParameter	82
SetCounter	82
● Timer	83
Anchor	84
 MotionJump 	85
• Ret	85
• Pio	86
PioConfig	86
AnyString	87
Calc	88
UserCalc	89
● GetValue	90
● Restart	91
● SetValue	91
StickMix	92
StickMix2	93
● Swap	94
● URemix	95
Wait	96

Appendix List of Sample Motions	97
Project Specifications	97
Running Motion Precautions	97
Sample Motion List	97
Sample Motion List - Wireless/Remote Control	101
Glossary	102
Keyboard Shortcuts	104
Trouble Shooting	106

Introduction

Thank you for choosing the KHR series and HeartToHeart4. The new HeartToHeart4 has been newly designed to be easier to handle than HeartToHeart3, multifunctional, and scalable.

- Motion management on a per-project basis is now possible.
- Corresponds to the Microsoft.NET Framework (over 4.6).
- Multi-window system enables docking and undocking of all windows.
- Plug-in system has been adopted for motion creating controls, allowing enhanced scalability.

This manual describes the method of installation and detailed use of HeatToHeart4. In such descriptions, operation of the KHR series hardware may be required. We recommend that you read the hardware manual, as well.

Licensing

- •The installation and use of HeatToHeart4 (hereinafter referred to as "this software") is permitted only if you agree to the current licensing terms.
- •This software consists of executable format files, dynamic link library, setting files and sample data files. The entirety of the aforementioned files, as well as libraries that are added in the future, is referred to as "this software."
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Precautions

This manual and this software may be applied to some of our microcomputer boards and servo motors for robots. However, please note that the applicable functions may be limited.

Please contact our service section for reports of defects, inquiries and comments regarding this software. However, please understand that we do not respond to individual requests for software update or modifications.

About HeartToHeart4

Outline / Features

In the new HeartToHeart 4, data can be written simultaneously by saving all motion data to a project file. The motion and settings of the robot can be changed according to the make up of the robot, the content of the game, or the type of sensor used.

The screen structure is now multi-window, which enables docking and undocking of sub windows to the main window. The motion editing window can be used as a tab-form multi-window. By opening multiple motion data windows and using editing functions such as copy-and-paste between the windows, motions can be created easily.

Further, the inline-running function enables running of motions in the editing window without saving the motion to ROM. In inline-running, step-running and repeated running is made possible. Moreover, run, stop and run-from-middle is possible, even after saving to the motion to ROM.

By basically implementing one function to one control, program editing in the motion editing screen is much clearer. By exhibiting icons for each function, the program flow is much easier to visualize and understand.

Conditions of Use

Specifics	Content
OS	Windows 7 / 8 / 8.1 / 10 64bit
Processor (CPU)	Pentium 4 2GHz or above or equivalent recommended
Hard Disk	32 MByte or larger (not including data file)
Memory	256 MByte or larger
Drive	CD-ROM drive (for installation only)
USB	USB2.0 capable port(s)
Software	Microsoft.NET Framework over 4.6 is necessary

Introduction to the "RCB-4HV" "RCB-4mini" Corresponding Hardware

Features

- There are 8 serial ports (6 ports on mini) for 2-system ICS3.0/3.5/3.6 compatible devices, and up to 36 ICS3.0/3.5/3.6 devices can be connected (of which, ID31 on SIO5-8 is set exclusively for KRI-3/KRR-5FH).
- •With ten AD ports (mini : 5), multiple analog sensors can now be used. In addition, AD input for power management is available separately.
- Ten PIO ports (mini : 0) have been added. Use of ON/OFF switch and light up of LED is made easier.
- •The COM ports enable a maximum Baudrate of 1.25 Mbps.
- EEPROM, known for its high-speed and high capacity, has been adopted.

Spec

	RCB-4HV	RCB-4mini	
Dimensions	45 × 35 × 13 (W × H × D) mm *Same dimensions as RCB-3	35 × 30 × 12 (W × H × D) mm *Not including protuberances	
Weight	12g	7.6g	
Interface	SIO Port x 8 COM ポート x 1 AD Port x 10 PIO ポート x 10	SIO Port x 6 COM Port x 1 AD Port x 5	
COM Port	Used for data communication by conne Conventional serial USB adapter can also limited for conventional product.)	ecting to PC using Dual USB adapter HS. o be used. (Communication speed may be	
AD Port	For connecting analog device. Operating voltage is 0 to 5 V. Verify the maximum current requirements for devices needing power.		
PIO Port	For connecting digital binary input/ output device. Can be used as an output. Operating voltage is 0 V (LOW), 5 V (HIGH). 1K Ω is connected in series as a current-limiting resistor, so an LED can be connected directly. However, please verify the LED operating voltage requirements.none		
SIO Port	For connecting ICS devices. Operating voltage. DO NOT CONNECT device required operation may be limited depending on the	voltage is the same as the power supply uring 0 to 5 V (such as analog sensors). e ICS version of the connected device.	

Power source/voltage: RCB-4HV	
Power supply: Kondo-spec HV battery (Ni-MH 10.8V/Li	i-Fe 9.9V), stablized power supply, etc. recommended
Operating voltage: Minimum 6V to maximum 15V (oper	rations of connected device not guaranteed)
Internal voltage: 5V (Use 1A-compatible regula	ator)
To use 6-7.4V-compatible servo, use with boos	ster 3.1 recommended
Booster 3.1 (RCB-4HV) ht Reference articles on power sources ht	ttp://kondo-robot.com/product/booster31_rcb4hv ttp://kondo-robot.com/faq/20150108
Power source/voltage: RCB-4mini (Servo other than 2500 series cannot be used)
Power supply: When using HV servo, Kondo-spec HV battery (Ni-	MH 10.8V/Li-Fe 9.9V), stabilized power supply, etc. recommended.
When using 6-7.4 servo, Kondo-spec power battery (Ni-MH 7.2V/Li	i-Fe 6.6V), stabilized power supply, etc.
Operating voltage: Minimum 6V to maximum 12V (operations of co	nnected device not guaranteed)
Internal voltage: 5V (Use 0.5A-compatible requ	ulator)

Name of Parts



AD4

RCB-4mini



Preparation

Install Software

- Insert the software CD-ROM to the drive and double click on the CD-ROM screen icon or open from the right-click menu. Double click "setup.exe" in the Software folder to automatically run the setup program. Continue the installation process as instructed by the setup program.
- In order to run this software, "Microsoft .NET Framework Ver. over 4.6" is required. Install ".NET Framework Ver. 2.0/3.5" as instructed by the setup program. In WindowsXP, when service pack 2 or later is installed, ".NET Framework Ver. over 4.6" is pre-installed. In Windows Vista, and 7, it is pre-installed.
- If the setup program does not automatically boot up, activate the installer by opening the CD-ROM icon and double clicking "Setup.exe" in the "Software" folder.

Uninstall Software

Windows 7 / 8 /8.1 / 10

In Control Panel, select "Program" then "Programs and Features" then "Uninstall Program" and choose "HeartToHeart 4 Ver.X.X.X" to uninstall.

Install Dual USB Adapter HS Driver

After installing HeartToHeart 4, install the Dual USB Adapter HS driver. Please refer to "KONDO USB DRIVER INSTALL MANUAL" on the CDROM for installation procedures.

Confirm After Installation

Files Installed (Outline)

Install Folder: In default, c:¥Program Files¥HeartToHeart4 Content: HeartToHeart4.exe (Program file) Projects (Folder containing sample projects) Toolbox (Folder containing controls) Do not rewrite files within the Install Folder.

Folders and Files Automatically Created After Installation

Folders Automatically Created:My Document¥HeartToHeart4Content:Projects For saving project files createdLog Folder for saving log of output data etc.Motions Folder for saving motion data etc.HTH4.xml File for storing project dataLayout.xml File for saving state of windows

Activate Software

- 1.In the Start Menu, click "HeartToHeart4" then choose "HeartToHeart4.exe". When activating for the first time, a folder for saving data is created in the "My Document" folder. Press the "OK" button.
- **2**.The HeartToHeart4 settings file is created and saved when the program is terminated for the first time.
- **3.**When HeartToHeart4 is activated, the following screen appears. Do nothing and proceed to termination of software.





[When the "HeartToHeart4" folder before Ver.2.3 already exists]

The "manual" folder has been created from Ver.2.4. If there is no "manual" folder at startup, it will be created automatically. When this dialog is displayed, click the "OK" button.



Terminate Software

To terminate HeartToHeart4, select "Quit (Q)" from the "File" menu. When terminating the software, the screen size, position, and layout is automatically saved prior to shut-down.

.

Function of Each Menu

Main Window

The Main Window consists of the Main Menu and the Toolbar. Other Sub Windows may be connected to (docked) or separated from (undocked) the Main Window.

🔅 HeartToHeart4[2.3.8.0]	_	
File Edit View Project Window Help Language		
🕴 Project 🚰 🛃 🛗 Motion 🗋 🎦 🛃 🦪 🤅 Window 🗞 🍰 😭 💹 🗐 🚺 👘 Vorc 🃅 🛣 🔹 COM	•	
Welcome to HeartToHeart4 Ver2.3.8.0		

🔵 Main Menu

File	Edit	View	Project	Window	Help

In the Main Menu, files are read or written. The parenthesized and underlined alphabets following each selection item in the menu indicates the shortcut key. The item may be selected without clicking on the mouse by pressing the corresponding key while pressing down on the ALT key. For example, the file menu "File (F)" can be opened by pressing the F key while pressing down on the ALT key. Abbreviations such as "Ctrl + S" indicate that the item can be chosen by pressing down on the CTRL key and S. A list of keyboard shortcuts can be found at the end of this manual.

File Menu

In the File Menu, files are loaded and saved.

Create New

Project

A new project is created. Existing projects may also be imported as new projects.

Motion

A new motion is created. Motions can be created after loading in a project.

Open

Project

Existing project is loaded.

Motion

Existing motion is load in. Motion can be loaded after loading in a project.

Open Recent Project

Projects that have been loaded are listed starting with the most recent. The maximum number of recent projects shown can be changed in the project setting window.

Save Motion File

Motion that is currently being edited is saved. In order to save a motion, the motion editing window has to be active.

Save Motion File As

Choose a different name for the motion that is currently being edited and save. In order to save a motion, the motion editing window has to be active.

Save All Open Motions

All motions currently being edited are saved.

Save Project

The current project is saved.

Save Project As

Choose a different name for the project and save.

Quit

Shut down HeartToHeart4.



🔵 Edit Menu

In the Edit Menu, controls arranged on the motion editor canvas (see Motion Editor Window section) currently being edited are copied and/or pasted.

Cut

The selected control (see Motion Editor Window section) is cut. The cut control is saved in the clipboard and can be pasted.

Сору

The selected control is copied. The copied control is saved in the clipboard.

Paste

The control in the clipboard is pasted. The position at which it is pasted will be on the bottom-right of the copied control. The control may be pasted into different motion data, as well.

Delete

Selected control is deleted. The deleted controls cannot be restored.

Undo

Changes made in the Motion editing screen are undone.

Redo

Redo the operation undone.

Select All

Select all controls on the canvas currently being edited.

Display Menu

In the Display menu, toolbars can be shown or hidden. When a toolbar is shown, a check mark appears on the left side of the item. For more details on toolbar, refer to the "Toolbar: Main Window" section.

Standard

The standard toolbar is displayed.

Window

The window toolbar is displayed.

COM

The COM toolbar is displayed.

Edit

The edit toolbar is displayed.



View		Project	Wind
~	Standard(B)		
~	Window		13
~	c	OM	
~	E	dit(H)	

Project Menu

In the Project Menu, project is set.

Project Settings

Displays the Project Setting window.

Home Position

Moves to the position saved with the "Save As Home Position" button.

Save As Home Position

Saves the present posture as the Home Position.

Trim Position

Moves to the Trim Position.

Build

The motion currently being edited is built (see "Motion Editing Window" section on page 52) and written to the RCB-4.

Assemble

The motion currently being edited is assembled (see "Motion Editing Window" section on page 52). The result is displayed in the message window. The Message Window Information button must be turned ON beforehand.

Window Menu

Sub Windows that are connected to the Main Window are shown or hidden. When the icon on the left side of each item is selected, the window is shown. For details on each Sub Window, refer to the "Sub Window" section.

System Settings

Shows the window for HeartToHeart4 system settings, except for projects.

Project Browser

Shows / Hides the Project Browser window.

Property

Shows / Hides the Property window.

Toolbox

Shows / Hides the Toolbox window.

Motion Table

Shows / Hides the Motion Table window.

Message List

Shows / Hides the Message window.

KRC Commander

Shows / Hides the KRC Commander window.

Pro	ject	Window	Help		
٩,	Proj	ject Settings			
*	Hor	me Position	6	Ctrl+H	
119	Sav	Save As Home Position		Ctrl+Shift+H	
3	Trin	Trim Position		Ctrl+T	
	Buil	Build		F5	
	Ass	emble		F6	

Wir	dow Help		
Ô.	System Settings		
#	Project Browser		
1	Property		
2	Toolbox		
	Motion Table		
i	Message		
	KRC Commander		

Help Menu

Help and version information are displayed.

Help

Open the folder containing the manual.

Version Information

Version Information dialog is displayed.

Open Project Folder

Opens Project folder with Explorer.

Help Version Information Open Project Folder

ſ	Language				
	English		-		
1		Japanese	ľ		

Language (HTH4 Ver2.4 or later)

Change the language displayed in the software. If you select a different language, it will be reflected after the software is restarted.

Toolbar: Main Window

The Toolbar consists of the Standard Toolbar, Window Toolbar and COM Toolbar.

Standard Toolbar

In the Standard Toolbar, projects and motions are controlled.

Project

- 嬞 : Load Project
- 🚽 : Save Project

🚞 : Create New Project

Motion

- 🗋 : Load Motion Data
- 1 : Create New Motion Data
- 🛃 : Save Motion Data
- 🗐 : Save All Motion Data

Window Toolbar

In the Window Toolbar, the following Sub Windows are shown or hidden.

🔵 🔦 : Project Settings

Show / Hide the window for setting content of project.

Show / Hide the Project Browser window.

- 🚰 : Property Window Show / Hide the Property Window.
- 🛃 : Toolbox Show / Hide the Toolbox window.
- Image: Motion List
 Show / Hide the Motion List window.

🔵 🛈 : Message Window

Show / Hide the Message window.



Window 🔦 🍰 😭 🗾 🕕

COM Toolbar

The COM Toolbar is used to set the communication speed to match the Dual USB Adapter HS.

Select Port Box Menu

Displays the list of all port (device) names currently connected to the COM port. Selecting immediately begins connection to the port.

COM Button

The area that says COM is the Automatic Baud rate Search button. By pressing this button, the communication speed of the COM port is automatically adjusted to match the Baudrate set for the RCB-4. This is normally not used in regular operation. Port settings are saved at termination of the program, and the program automatically reconnects the next time it runs. However, if the communication port, speed, or settings have changed since the last time the program ran, then readjustment using the project setting display will be necessary.

Edit Toolbar

Sync : Sync Button

When this button is checked the servo will automatically move in accordance with the settings displayed in the project setting window and the POS control.

• ቻ : Trim Position Button

Moves to the Trim Position.

• 🔭 : Home Position Button

Moves to the posture saved with the Home Position Save Button.

😑 🧕 : Save Home Position Button

Saves the present position of the servos as Home Position.

*The Save Home Position button is valid for position changed in the POS control and Project Setting screen. Position changed in the Motion List Window will not be reflected.





Sub Window

Sub Windows are windows that are used along with the Main Window according to their functions. Sub Windows may be detached (undocked) from or attached to (docked) the Main Window.

Project Browser Window

Project and motions files are controlled in the Project Browser Window. The folders and files displayed in the Project Browser are normally located in the "HeartToHeart4¥Projects" folder (called Project Root) in the My Document folder. Main functions of this Sub Window are as follows:

Displays the list of folders and files in project root. Files with the same name as the folder and having the extensions ".h4p" or ".xml" are the project files. Only the icons of the project files change on screen.

🔵 🔛 : Project File

Double click to change projects.

🕨 🔛 : Motion File

Double click to open the motion editing window.

By selecting a file and right-clicking, the context menu (as shown in the figure) is displayed, enabling copy, paste and delete. When pasting file with the same name, the prefix "copy-" is added to the file name. When pasting a file, select the folder to which the file is pasted after copying.

The file name can be edited by selecting a file and pressing the F2 key. When file name is edited, the actual file name is automatically changed.

Double clicking and loading the project file displays a list of motions saved in the Motion List Window.

When file is changed using, for example, Windows Explorer, the changes are reflected on the screen. (*check footnotes)

* Motion files can not be opened without loading the project.

Eight is the set of the set of

Clicking and selecting an arbitrary folder can change project root. Although normally not used, USB memory can be selected as a project root.

🔵 🛃 : Save button

Click to save currently the open project.

🔵 Ů : Reload button

Click to update the Project list.

* Update by clicking the Reload button.



Toolbox Window

The Toolbox Window displays a list of controls necessary for creating motion.

Toolbox		x
Ŭ 		
Name	Description	^
Position		
Free	Puts the selected servomotor to	
🞍 Hold	Puts the selected servomotor to	
🖹 Pos	Determine the robot's posture (
SingleServo	Simple controller for only a sing	
Compare		
CmpAD باسية	Compare analong input values a	
🖶 CmpButton	Compare button input value of	
🙇 CmpPIO	Compare PIO input values and c	
👼 CmpTmr	Determine the distination by ela	
🔍 CmpValue	Compare spacific variables and	
💮 Loop	Loop (repetitive) processing usi	
Set		
🗔 CalAD	Calibrate analog reference value	
🚻 Remix	Change the analog mixing facto	
🌻 ServoParam	Change STRETCH(Compliance) of	
SetCounter	Set counter value or user variab	
👼 Timer	Select the timer and maximum r	Ŷ
<	>	:



State where "Details" is selected

State where "Tile" is in the Display Menu

Robot motions are created using drag-and-drop of a control from the toolbox window to the motion editing window. Holding the mouse over an item will display a short description.

🔵 ೮ : Reload button

Reload controls and update the toolbox list.

🔵 🎞 : Display menu

In the toolbar's Display menu, the display method can be chosen from Icon, List, Detail, and Align.

When toolbox window is displayed, the controls are shown in detail (left).

The control name, description, and group are displayed.

🕽 🛅 : Sort menu

In the toolbar's Sort menu, files can be sorted by name or type. By selecting Display by Group, files can be displayed by group, as shown in the figure. The right figure shows the screen when "Tile" is chosen in the Display Menu.

Motion List Window

For writing motions saved in the project and editing button data.

The motion number, motion name, write address, run button number, method of button comparison, motion area utilization, and write date are shown on the screen.

🔵 ೮ : Reload button

Click to update the motion list.

🔵 🕨 : Run button

After selecting a motion, click to run the motion.

🔵 🎽 : Mid-run button

Click to begin the motion from the stopped position.

🔵 💵 🗄 Pause Button

Clicking the Pause button while motion is running will temporarily suspend the motion.

Pressing the Pause button while motion is suspended will restart the motion from the same position.

🔵 💷 : Stop button

Click while running to stop the motion. The Midrun button will be disabled when the motion is stopped.

🕨 🗹 : Write All Motion button

Click to write all motions saved in a project simultaneously.

● X : Area Delete button

Click after selecting the motion name to delete the selected motion.

The buttons in the toolbar and the right-click menu having the same icons have the same functions.

🗕 🔭 : Write All Button Data button

Button data associated with each motion is written simultaneously.

🔵 🢑 : Delete All Button Data button

Button data associated with the selected motion is deleted. Clicking without selecting a motion deletes all button data.

● 🛃 : Save All Motion button

Motion data is saved as a CSV file. CSV is a file format that can be load by spreadsheets such as Microsoft Excel.

Motion Run method after Ver.2.4

From Ver.2.4, you can play a motion by doubleclicking the "number" in the motion list.

Motion Ta	able					
0 F	N 🖬 🖉 🗙 🛀	Ж 🔚				
No.	Name	Button No.	Compare	Date	Usage	Addres: '
▶ M001	HLO001_Greeting	B:16	=	2017/12/14 9:21:16	179 (8.7 %)	2944 (0
M002	HLO002_HomePosition(B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:21:58	50 (2.4 %)	4992 (0
M003	HLO003_Waving	B:80	=	2017/12/14 12:48:50	729 (35.6 %)	7040 (0
M004	HLO004_Encouragement	B:96	=	2017/12/14 12:48:53	364 (17.8 %)	9088 (0:
M005	HLO005_Chagrined	B:288	=	2017/12/14 12:47:41	970 (47.4 %)	11136 (
M006	HLO006_Handstand	B:0	=	2017/12/14 12:48:01	987 (48.2 %)	13184 ((
M007	M007	B:0	=	2013/07/17 10:23:19	0 (0.0 %)	15232 (
M008	HLO008_Clapping(Call	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:28:37	237 (11.6 %)	17280 (
M009	HLO009_Clap the Rhyth	B:272	=	2017/12/14 9:29:33	267 (13.0 %)	19328 ((
M010	HLO010_Push-Up(10 tim	B:32	=	2017/12/14 9:30:01	837 (40.9 %)	21376 (1
M011	HLO011_One Leg Bend	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:31:33	668 (32.6 %)	23424 (1
M012	HLO012_Rabbit Jump A(B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:33:49	544 (26.6 %)	25472 (
M013	HLO013_Rabbit Jump B(B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:34:33	544 (26.6 %)	27520 ((
M014	HLO014_Get Up(Stomach)	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:35:30	483 (23.6 %)	29568 (
M015	HLO015_Get Up(Face up)	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:35:57	653 (31.9 %)	31616 (
M016	HLO016_Safty Walk(For	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:36:56	919 (44.9 %)	33664 (1
M017	HLO017_Safty Walk(Bac	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:37:27	919 (44.9 %)	35712 ((
M018	HLO018_Safty Step(Left,	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:39:57	380 (18.6 %)	37760 (1
M019	HLO019_Safty Step(Righ	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:40:17	380 (18.6 %)	39808 (
M020	HLO020_Fast Turn A(Left	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:41:00	388 (18.9 %)	41856 ((
M021	HLO021_Fast Tuen A(Rig	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:42:48	388 (18.9 %)	43904 (1
M022	HLO022_Walk A(Forwar	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:43:10	754 (36.8 %)	45952 (1
M023	HLO023_Walk A(Backwa	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:43:53	754 (36.8 %)	48000 (
M024	HLO024_Side Step A(Lef	B:0	=	2017/12/14 9:44:31	431 (21.0 %)	50048 ((
¢		-				>

* In HeartToHeart4 ver.2.0, the startup motion is registered in the Project Settings window. A start flag does not appear on the startup motion.

About the Motion Area

In HeartToHeart4 Ver.2.0, the motion area that can be saved is divided into 120 slots. If a motion data is larger than the slot, the warning dialog appears and you can choose overwriting the next slot or not.

Move Display List

Items such as motion window number, name and button number can be moved by using the mouse to dragand-drop.

Sort Display Item

Click on the item name to sort in increasing order. Click again to sort in decreasing order.

Message Window

The Message Window displays log of all instructions run or sent by HeartToHeart4. Since the commands currently being executed and the related error messages appear, it is easy to detect where the program failed. The Message List Display field in the window shows the type of command currently being executed, its number, content, the address to which data was sent to, the length of the command, and other information.

🕨 🎽 : Command button

The background of the button changes and becomes selectable when clicked. The command currently being run and the command sent can be copied or deleted.

🔵 🕕 : Information button

Click and select to display messages related to the information used in HeartToHeart4.

🔵 辽 : Error button

Click and select to display messages related to errors occurring in HeartToHeart4.

🔵 🦺 : Warning button

Click and select to display messages related to warnings occurring in HeartToHeart4.

The number of lines displayed is controlled in the Select Number of Lines ComboBox. When not selected or under standard conditions, the maximum number of lines for the message is 1000.

🔵 🛃 : Save Log button

Click to save the list of messages currently displayed as a CSV file.

● X : Delete button

Click to delete the message list.

Property Window

The property window is for future developers and experienced users. The content of the control is displayed by clicking on the control in the motion editing screen. The ProgramCode property in the Property of the control is the control command. Other items will not be described here, but rewriting them may cause malfunctions in the data. For details on the commands, refer to the RCB-4 Command Reference.

Message							
Туре	Count	Content	Address	Date C	Other		



KRC Commander Window

Used while connecting RCB-4 and PC using a Dual USB adapter HS, to assign the controller and to check motions.

Data can be sent when "Send ON/OFF" button in the center is turned ON and the COM port is selected in the Main Window. Press the KRC Commander button using the left button of the mouse to send the corresponding button data to the RCB-4. Releasing the mouse button sends the Neutral(Nothing is pressed). Continuing to press the button will not continuously send button data. If you wish to press several buttons at the same time, turn the LOCK KEY switch ON and press the desired buttons. Holding the cursor over a button on the commander shows the keyboard shortcut assigned.

Keyboard operation of the KRC Commander is also possible. Press the keyboard key(s) assigned to the button to send the corresponding button data to RCB-4. Releasing the key(s) sends the Neutral. Several keys may be pressed at once.

A PC game controller may also be used. Connect the game controller to the PC and select from the game controller selection field of KRC Commander to send button data to KRC-5.

*Cannot be used simultaneously with KRI-3. Please disconnect.

: Lock Key

Usually, letting go of the mouse button after clicking on a button returns the button to its unpressed state. By turning the Lock Key ON, the button becomes modal - clicking on the button once will keeps it depressed, while clicking on it once again releases it.

Send ON/OFF

Turn this button ON to send.



Change Keyboard Shortcut

Keyboard Shortcuts can be assigned from the Shortcut Assignment List on the right side of KRC commander. In the list, the name of the button is shown on the left and the keyboard assignment is shown on the right. By clicking the keyboard section for the button name you wish to assign, the keyboard assignment menu appears. The key names are as follows:

Alphabet: There is no uppercase / lowercase distinction.

NumPad: The numbers on the numerical keypad.

Numbers: Numbers are assigned. In the balloon help, D appears before the number, as in D0 and D1.

Oem: Mainly represents symbols (Oemcomma, OemQuestion and so on).

Shortcuts can be assigned to the Ctrl key, Shift key, and Alt key, but it would be better to avoid them, as they are often used in the Main Menu and other controls.

•By saving keyboard shortcuts in the HeartToHeart4 folder under the file name "KrcShortcutKey.xml", the edited keyboard shortcut data will automatically be loaded at the next time the program starts. If this file does not exist, standard keyboard shortcuts are assigned.

From HTH4 Ver2.4

Since the program that recognizes the controller is old to use, the corresponding place has been deleted.

Caution

If the KRI-3 and KRR-1,or KRR-5HF, KRC are connected, disconnect or turn on the KRC-1/2/3/5FH power. The RCB-4 internal data may be unknown if the controller's power is not turned on.

Motion Editing Window

For details on the Motion editing window, refer to the "Motion Editing Window" section on page 52. When using KRC-5FH/KRR-5FH, refer to their manuals.

How to Use HTH4 - Basics

Create a Project, Run a Sample Motion and Save Data

In this chapter, HTH4 operation from creating a project, registering motions to a RCB-4 equipped robot, to running a sample motion is described in sequence. The KHR-3HV humanoid robot is used as an example.

Operation Procedures

- 1.Load Project (Import)
- 2. Project Settings and Adjustment of the Robot Trim
- 3.Run Sample Motion
- 4.Wireless Control
- 5.Edit Sample Motion

1.Load Project

In HeartToHeart4, a project must first be created or imported.

In the project file, information necessary for a robot to operate such as initial settings of the RCB-3HV, motion data, mixing settings, and other information necessary to create motion, are managed as one data set, along with position and trim data. A project serves as the overall folder for organizing operations, as shown in the following diagram.



Project A

Robot A

In a project, there are three categories: "Project Settings" "Motion Data" and "Button Data". By setting each of these categories, the robot movement can be created freely, and it can be made to remember motions.

Project Creation / Import

Project files can be created from scratch, but in this example, an existing project is imported from the HeartToHeart4 installation folder and is used as a new project. Importing a project is almost the same as copying, but does not rewrite the original imported project file. It can be copied to the user's project folder under a new name.

- 1.Connect the RCB-4 to the personal computer using the Dual USB adapter HS, and turn the power switch of KHR-3 (RCB-4) ON.
- 2.Run the HeartToHeart4 software.
- 3.In HeartToHeart4, use the port selection menu of the COM toolbar to select the Dual USB adapter HS COM port. In the screenshot, COM1 and COM3 are selectable. (This may differ based on your PC configuration.) (For method of checking the COM assignments, refer to the Dual USB Adapter HS Manual.)

When COM is not selected, a dialog like this one will appear.



Confirm		×
0	Com port is not selected.	
	ОК	

 Select "Project" from the Create New menu in the File menu.

ſ	File	Edit	View	Project	Windov	v He	lp			
1	<u>1</u>	Create	New			•		Project	Ctrl+N	
П	2	Open				•	2	Motion	े Ctrl+M	-
		Open F	lecent Pr	oject		•	_			
		Save M	otion Fil	e	Ctrl-	۰S				
		Save M	otion Fil	e As						
		Save Al	l Open N	lotions	Ctrl+Shift	۰S				
	H	Save Pr	oject							
		Save Pr	oject As							
		Quit								

5.A New Project dialog will appear.

Setting a New Project Dialog

- 1.Do not change "Save Project at:"
- 2.For "New project name," enter an appropriate name. In this example, the import project name is changed slightly to "Hello_KHR3(V2.3.1)." *1

3.Using the reference button at the bottom right side of the dialog (where the cursor is located in the screenshot), specify the project folder to import from. For this example, the folder "c:¥ Program Files ¥HeartToHeart4 ¥Projects ¥ Hello_KHR3(V2.3)" should be selected. Also,

check the "Import Project" check box.

Select folder to save projects.	
Desktop	
> OneDrive	
> 🤱 kondo	
> 💻 This PC	
> 🐂 Libraries	
> 💣 Network	
> 🖭 Control Panel	
Recycle Bin	
✓ 📙 Hello_KHR3(V2.3)_en	
For RadioControl	

	Error	×	
	Project file is not exists in the select	e folder or project data file is invalid.	
		ОК	
If a folder that does	not contain a project is select	ed or if the project file is not valid the	following
error dialog will appe	ar In such case reselect the	correct project folder	IOIIOWIN

4.Complete the project import by clicking the OK button. A folder with the name "Hello_KHR3(2.3.1)" will appear, containing a project file with the name "Hello_KHR3(2.3.1).h4p" in the "HeartToHeart4¥ Projects" folder in the My Document folder. The standard extension for a project file is h4p, (starting from HeartToHeart4 Ver.2.0).

*1 Be aware that if the import source project is in "c: ¥Program Files ¥HeartToHeart4 ¥Projects" and you assign the same project name, it will be overwritten by the new project that's created.

Check Project Structure

Project structure can be confirmed in the Project Browser window. The project folder created contains a motion file along with a project file. (Refer to "Project Browser Window" section on page 17.) In HeartToHeart4, each project folder basically contains one project file, and the project file name must coincide with the folder name. For other motion files, the name can be chosen arbitrarily.

When data from HeartToHeart versions prior to HeartToHeart4 Ver.1.3 is read in: Since the motion write area is now divided into 120 slots, the write area size has changed. When reading in or importing motions prior to Ver.1.3, the following warning appears.

After pressing OK, the motion area relocation method choices appear along with what to do when motion is too large to fit into the new area.

Confirm		\times
?	Change present project C:\Users\kondo\Documents\HeartToHeart4\Projects\Hello_KHR3(V2.0) _English\Hello_KHR3(V2.0)_English.h4p ?	
	Yes No	

If the "YES" button is pressed, a motion that does not fit into the new area will overflow and be written over the next motion area. If "NO" is pressed, the motion that is too large to fit in the new area will not overflow and be written over the next motion area. In other words, multiple motion areas may be allocated by the "YES" button, but the motion number will deviate. On the other hand, when the "NO" button is pressed, the motion number will remain the same but operation of those motions that were too large will not be guaranteed.

In the standard motions, the handstand contains the largest amount of data, which is about 48% of the area usage rate in Ver.2.0.

After any area relocation, always save the project file and rebuild all motions. If motions are run without rebuilding, motion will stop in mid-flow. Further, since motion jump control has been revised, when using motion jump control in a motion, open the motion jump control screen once and verify all jump destinations are correct.

2. Project Setting and Robot Trim Adjustment

For HeartToHeart4 and RCB-4 to communicate properly, first the project must be set up. Since the robot trim adjustment is done using the Project Setting window, the trim adjustment procedure will also be described.

Project Setting

Starting with HeartToHeart4 Ver.2.0, the Project Setting window has been revised to a tab form. Further, windows are now dockable and can always be shown.

The Project Setting window is opened from the Project menu in the Main Window or the button in the Window toolbar. Settings such as Edit Startup Position, Trim Adjustment, and Analog Mixing, are possible anytime in the Project Settings window. Each function is organized by tabs and various settings are possible. In this example, only the settings and checking of the items necessary to move a robot will be discussed.

Toolbar



In the Toolbar, the content of the project is sent to the ROM or RAM (Refer to "ROM and RAM of RCB-4" section on page 31) of RCB-4.

Project Setting tab

The RCB-4 initial setting is done in the Project Setting Tab.

B-4 Pro	oject Settings			
>RAI	M 🗾 <ram td="" 🗔<=""><td>🖌 Write All</td><td>🗣 FRI</td><td>E 😈 Restart 🗙 Format</td></ram>	🖌 Write All	🗣 FRI	E 😈 Restart 🗙 Format
roject	Servomotor	Trim Adjus	tment	Mixing
Frame F	Freq 15ms	- COM Ba	udrate	250000 • ICS Baudrate 115200 • • Green LED
System	Configuration -			
Project	t Name Hell	o KHR-3HV	en Ver.2.	Read Write
Watch E AD	Port Condition	3 4 5 0 0 0	6 ()	7 8 9 10 AD Value = Real - Reference
PIO			LI	
Motio	a At Reduced Vol			
Powe	r Supply (1)	9.0Ę V	в	C001_LowBattery
	(2)	0.0 🛨 V	N	one 🗸 🕨
	(3)	0.0 🌩 V	N	one 🗸 🕨
Priority	Motion Setting			
Startu	p Motion		н	I Q002 HomePosition(Hello KHR3)
Other	Priority Motions			
No	Port	Operator	Value	Motion Name
1	Nana	Nena	Mana	Nee-
2	None	None	None	None
2	None	None	None	None
4	None	None	None	None
5	None	None	None	None
	None	None	None	None
6	1.		i i conce	Hone

Frame Cycle	Determines the interval at which the robot changes its posture. For example, creating a frame number of 100 at a frame cycle of 15 ms changes posture 1500 ms = 1.5 seconds.
COM Baudrate	The communication speed between RCB-4 and PC is selected. The larger the number, the faster the communication speed is.
ICS Baudrate	ICS Baudrate refers to the communication speed between the ICS-standard device (servos) and the RCB-4. Normally, the speed should match the speed set for the serial servo. The value may differ from the COM Baudrate.



The above dialog may appear when opening the Project window. This message appears when the COM Baudrate setting is wrong or when the Dual USB adapter HS is not connected. In such case, select the correct COM port in the COM toolbar in the Main Window and select the Baudrate you wish to use in the Set COM Baudrate field in the Project Setting window. For the settings to be stored even after turning the RCB-4 power off, save the project data currently being edited to the RCB-4 ROM using the Save to ROM menu.

In the Project window, check the following settings in System Setting. The numbers shown in parentheses numbers are the default values.

COM Baudrate (arbitrary)	Select the Baudrate you wish to use.
Frame Cycle (15 ms)	10 ms when the servo is set at 1.25 Mbps.
ICS Baudrate(115200)	Adjust according to the Baudrate of the connected servo.

Changing Settings

Selecting communication speed, etc. allows you to change the settings in RCB-4' s RAM. However, they are not saved in RCB-4' s ROM, so when you turn the power off, the RAM settings are deleted. When you' ve changed the settings, write the changes to RCB-4 using the "Save All in ROM" button before turning the power off. Also, when settings have been changed for the project as well, the RAM settings are also changed, so save by pressing the "Save Project" button and then close.

About the Communication Speed

When you change the settings, RCB-4' s RAM is rewritten and changes at the set communication speed become possible. If you don' t know the communication speed that has already been set, and communication between the PC and robot does not function effectively, change the setting to 115200 and confirm that communication is possible. If communication is functioning correctly, be sure to save the settings using the method stated above.

About the Frame Cycle

When the frame cycle changes, the speed the robot moves also changes. The sample motions are created at the standard cycle of 15ms, so when the frame cycle is changed, you may have to adjust walking and rising motions. It's recommended that you change the settings after familiarizing yourself with the robot's handling.

• Cautions When Changing ICS Communication Speed

When setting an ICS communication speed that differs from the robot' s servos, communication from HeartToHeart4 to the servos may not be received effectively and cause the robot to malfunction. When changing the settings, be sure to confirm the servo communication speed in advance.

Servo Setting Tab



- 1.After setting of the communication speed etc. is completed, the servo can be operated. To make the servos operable after loading the project, click serves with the toolbar which will write the values edited in the project to the RAM. For a new project, the default serve position is set at 7500 and trim is set at 0. If writing to RAM is successfully completed, the serve will rotate to its initial position in about 2.5 to 6 seconds (depending on the frame cycle setting). After writing to RAM, to interactively move the serve, press the "Sync" button in the Main Window and move the slidebar in the Position panel located at the right hand side of the Serve Setting tab.
- 2.Next, Please adjust the trim of each servos.

Trim Adjustment Tab

Open the Trim Adjustment tab in the Project Setting window. The position panels are arranged in the same order as the Servo Setting tab. Move the slider of the servo you wish to adjust, or directly enter values to adjust the servo trim. Turning the mouse wheel with the slider or entering values into the input field changes the servo trim setting also. Check the Sync button in the Main Window to synchronize the robot servo with the position panel, and adjust trim.



After the trim is adjusted for all servos, press the toolbar "Save All To ROM" button. This saves all trim positions that are currently set to the RCB-4 EEPROM. When the RCB-4 power is turned on, the servos automatically move to this position. When saving to ROM, a startup position can be chosen between the Home position and the Trim position. The dialogue shown in the figure will appear. When the Trim Position is selected, the trim values adjusted in the Trim Adjustment tab are saved as standard values (Neutral Position, see column "Position and Trim") for the servo positions.

When the Home Position is selected, the posture saved using the "Save As Home Position" button becomes the start-up position. Pressing "Cancel" interrupts the writing process.

 Select initial position at startup 	-		×			
Write Project Data to RCB-4 EEPROM						
Select initial position(posture) from items as follows. The robot moves to initial position before run the startup motion.						
Trim Position: Adjusted only trim values from the newtral position Home Position: The posture which is registerd by Home Position Regi Cancel: Abort writing	st Butto	n				
Trim Position	ancel					

Position and Trim

The robot servo angle is set by values, not "degrees." These values are called "positions." For a serial servo, a rotation range from 3500 to 11500 is possible. The middle value, 7500, is referred to as the Neutral Position.

Trims are used to offset this neutral position. When building a robot, even if the servo position is at Neutral, in reality, there will be a slight physical inconsistency. This inconsistency is offset and adjusted using the trim values. By adjusting for these inconsistencies using trim values, the robots postures can be correctly adjusted without changing positions (when creating motions for example).

3.All basic settings are completed. Save the project by selecting the Save Project menu in the File menu or the toolbar of the Main Window.

RCB-4 ROM and RAM

ROM is a memory storage area where data does not disappear even if the power is turned off. On the other hand, although data in RAM disappears when the power is turned off, RAM memory has extremely high access speed.

In the RCB-4, settings such as motion data and Baudrate can be saved in ROM by writing the project data. When turned on, the RCB-4 firmware automatically reads the settings from the ROM, and temporarily saves the information in RAM memory. Motion commands are then read from ROM, and the commands are followed using data saved in the RAM.

Writing project data, such as trim and position, to RAM using the RAM button allows the firmware to immediately reflect any changes. However, when the power is turned off, this data will disappear. Saving the project data to ROM, using the SAVE TO ROM button, allows the data to be retained even when the power is turned off. However, restarting is necessary to enable changes.

From RCB-4 Power-ON to Motion Running

About the start up motion

In HeartToHeart4, the program is written into the RCB-4 ROM so that power-on to motion running process takes place in the order shown in the figure.

After moving to the start-up position, the startup motion is run, executing the main routine. If no change is made to the main routine, it will always be in a state of waiting for button input.

Home Position

All postures set in the Motion Editing window and the Project Settings window can be saved using the "SAVE HOME POSITION" button. The posture set at this point is called the Home Position.

Trim Position

The postures at which only the trim is adjusted, while all servo positions are in Neutral. Normally, this will be the standard posture (standing still).

Start-up Position

The first posture the robot takes when activated, and can be selected from the Home Position or the Trim Position. Normally, the Trim Position is selected.



LED Display

When the RCB-4 is rebooted after the trim data and motion data are saved to ROM, the LED display changes as follows:

- 1. The Green LED and red LED light up during boot.
- 2. The Red LED turns off while the robot moves from the power-off position to the Home position (about 2 to 5 seconds).
- **3**.After movement to the Home position is completed, the red LED appears slightly dim. This indicates a state where RCB-4 is waiting for the next command from the wireless controller or COM port.
- **4**.When a communication error or other problem occurs while writing data to the ROM and the robot is rebooted, the red LED lights up because the program in ROM is faulty. In this case, double check the connection and reload the data.

3. Running Sample Motions

This section describes the procedures for registering motions to the robot and running them.

Run Motion

Saving all data such as settings to ROM using the procedures described above enables selecting and running motions from the Motion List window. (Refer to "Motion List Window" section on page 19)

Run Motion Source File

Motion Source Files are built after editing and written to the RCB-4 ROM. In this section, the method for reading sample motions, building, and running will be described. (For editing of specific motions, refer to "How to Use HTH4 - Intermediate" section on page 41.)

From Loading to Running Sample Motion

The project file contains sample motion data that have been previously saved. These are read in.

1.Open the Project Browser window, and read the motion source file "greeting.xml" in the current project folder by double-clicking on the source file.

2.When the motion source file reading is completed, the motion editing window appears in the center of the main window, and the greeting motion data appears. The screenshot shows the state where the window associated with the main window is undocked. (To undock, drag-and-drop the title area of the tab.)

- **3**.Building is the process of converting motion source file data from ROM into an executable program. In this example, the greeting motion is registered to motion data number M01.
 - a.The Build button located in the toolbar of the motion editing window is used; or select Build from the Project menu of the Main Window.

🏟 HeartToHeart4 Ver. 2.3.0.0 [Hello_KHR3((V2.0)_I	English	1													-	-	1	0		×
File Edit View Project Window	Hel	P																			
COM COM3	- 10	3 Syn	c 🕹	*	•		Win	idov	4	4	1			(1	Proje	ect	2		C)	
Project # ×	/H	10001	Gre	etin	9											_	_	_	_	+	×
C:¥Users¥kondo¥Documents¥HeartToHeart		n 25-	A		1.	-	• •	2	Edit	+		N		5	22	41	- 11		ы.		
💕 🖬 😈					ц,			1							-	-	-7	۳.			
Hello KHR3(V2.0) English		-	n' I	6	-	÷	'n			Π	1		1								
- For RadioControl	1 20		÷,	Por	1	ŀ	D	Pos	2	D	Por	3	t								
		· · ·		Ľ		_	J,				-										
HLO001_Greeting.xml																					
HLO002_HomePosition(Hell																					
HLO003_Waving.xml																					
HLO004_Encouragement.xm																					
HLO005_Chagrined.xml																					
HLO007_Clapping(Build M4(
HLO008_Clapping(Call M40																					
HLO009_Clap the Rhythm(Ci																					
HLO010_Push-Up(10 times).																					
HLO012_Rabbit Jump A(3 tin																					
HLO013_Rabbit Jump B(3 tin ¥																					. *
< >	<																			3	•

	6		20		~																									
_	•	11.0	00	UI_	Gr	ee	ting	1	_	_	_						_			_	_								•	×
Ш	1	<u>.</u>	3	3-	10	5	13	-	1	-		۲. I	E	dit	•	1		K	-			20	ź	ţ.	₩	Į-	Ē	Ť		.
	_				n'	Ē				-	'n				-	'n				n'										. ^
	1	٢	_				Ŷ					Ŷ	_				Ŷ	-	÷.	ŀ.		·	·	·	·					
	P	os	0	_			Pos	1	_	Ľ		Pos	2	_	d i		Pos	з¢	ijP			•					1	1	1	
																					÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷.	
			÷																											
		1	1	1	1	1								1							•	÷	•	•	•	1	1	1	1	
		1	j.	÷.	÷.	÷.	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	1	÷	1	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	1	1	1	1	1
				÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	·	÷	·	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	·	÷	÷	÷	÷					
			1	1	1	1		•						1									•		1	1	1	1	1	
		<u>.</u>	÷.	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷		
		•	•	·	·	·	÷	·	·	·		•			-		-		·	-		·	·	·	·	·	·	•	÷	
		÷.	÷.	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷		÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷.	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	1	1	÷	
																														. *
<																													>	

Л	LO001_Greeting	
		•
. Y Po	Build and write motion dat	a

b.The Build dialog appears.

No.	Name	Date	Address	1
M001	HLO001_Greeting	1/26/2012	2944 (00B80)	
M002	HLO002_HomePosition(Hello_KHR3)	1/26/2012	4992 (01380)	
M003	HLO003_Waving	1/26/2012	7040 (01B80)	
M004	HLO004_Encouragement	1/26/2012	9088 (02380)	
M005	HLO005_Chagrined	1/26/2012	11136 (02B80)	
M006	HLO006_Handstand	1/26/2012	13184 (03380)	
M007	M007	7/15/2009	15232 (03B80)	
M008	HLO008_Clapping(Call M40 at 10 times)	1/26/2012	17280 (04380)	
M009	HLO009_Clap the Rhythm(Call M40)	1/26/2012	19328 (04B80)	
M010	HLO010_Push-Up(10 times)	1/26/2012	21376 (05380)	
M011	HLO011_One Leg Bend and Stretch(5 times)	1/26/2012	23424 (05B80)	
M012	HLO012_Rabbit Jump A(3 times)	1/26/2012	25472 (06380)	
M013	HLO013_Rabbit Jump B(3 times)	1/26/2012	27520 (06B80)	
¢		1/00/2012	>	
	OK Cancel			

- c.Select the motion number which you wish to write from the Motion Data List shown in the Build dialog.d.Writing begins by clicking the OK button. The status and content of writing is displayed in the message window.
- 4.When building is completed, the motion name is logged in the Motion List window. Click the motion you wish to run and click on the ▶ : RUN button or select RUN MOTION in the right-click menu. Sample motion running is now completed.

Motion Data and Build

The content of a motion is called Motion Data. The contents of the Motion Data include the connection state and type of controls. The file saved in an editable form is called the Motion File. Motion data is difficult for the RCB-4 to use directly. Therefore, HeartoHeart4 converts it into data specific for the RCB-4. This process is called Building.

The built motion data are saved in projects instead of motion files. Therefore, once built, it can be changed to be used for different robot types just by copying and editing the project.

Register All Motion Data Simultaneously

Data recorded after completing the build process and motion data previously saved in a project can be saved to the RCB-4 ROM simultaneously. By using this function, different motion patterns created previously can be saved simultaneously.



Project A

1.Read the project file in which the motion data is saved.

2. The saved motion data names etc. appear in the Motion List window.

3.Write all by clicking the "Save to ROM" button on the Project Settings window.

RCB-4 Pro	ject Settings		
📄 > RAN	1 🗾 < RAM 📘	🖉 Write All 🛛 🧶 FRI	EE 😈 Rest
Project	Servomotor	Trim Adjustment	Mixing
Frame F	req 15ms	- CO Write proje	ct data

4.Wireless Control

To participate in robot games or move your robot freely, wireless control is essential. Here, the procedure for running motions registered to your robot using wireless will be described.

Link Wireless Controller Buttons to Motions

To run motion data using the wireless controller, a Start Run button must be assigned. The Wireless Controller button needs to be registered in the Motion List window.

1.The Button Registration screen for the Wireless Controller appears by double-clicking the motion field in the Motion List window after writing the project file to ROM, or while motion data is written to ROM.

Motion Table										
u 🕨 🖌 🗉 🔤 🚰 🗶 🔚										
No.	Name	Button No.								
M001	HLO001_Greeting	B:16								
M002	HLO002_HomePosition(B:0								
M003	HLO003_Waving	B:80								

- 2.The following Button Data Registration dialog appears. [From HTH4 Ver2.4] Double-clicking on the motion number will Run the motion stored in the selected ROM. If you double-click anywhere else, the button registration dialog will be displayed.
- **3.**Click on the button you wish to register and click OK. The button will be linked to the motion. Two, or more, buttons can be used in combination, as well.
- 4.After completing button registration for each motion you wish to run, click Button Data Registration button in the toolbar of the Motion List window, to register all the button data.

Motion Ta	able		
ن ک	N III 🖬 🛛 🖀 🗙 🎴	X 🛛	
No.	Name	S Button No.	Con
M001	HLO001_Greeting	Regist button d	ata
M002	HLO002_HomePosition(B:0	=
h taan	111 (0 444 5 111 - 1	D. 66	

- 5. The maximum number of button data sets that can be registered is 32. If you try to register more than 32 an error message will appear. Furthermore, the same button data can not be registered multiple times. To change the assignment of overlapping buttons, delete the button data first, and then assign it to a different motion.
- 6.After the registration process is completed, power cycle the RCB-4 and restart.



Assigning KRC-5FH's Special Buttons

Finally, special buttons have been added to KRC-5FH on the left and right of the power button. These buttons can be assigned when all the buttons on the left and right are pressed. Assign the buttons while referring to the figures below.



Operating Description

- 1. Automatically switches depending on the type of data last set.
- 2. The corresponding control input value appears by clicking each button.
- 3. The corresponding port names and analog values appear by scrolling the four (6) track bars.
- 4.Method of comparison: when comparing to analog value, a comparative operator is selected.
- 5.Button
- 6.Trackbar
5.Edit Sample Motion

Once the process of writing motions to the robot is understood, the next step is motion creation. In this section the method of changing motions by editing sample motions included with the KHR-3HV kit is described.

Edit Sample Motion

• The greeting sample motion is edited to make a slight change in the position of the arm, then written to the RCB-4, and run. Try changing the greeting pose in figures 1 to 2 to the "Osu" pose of figure 3 with the arms bent.



Preparation

1.Activate HeartToHeart4 and open the Sample Motion project.

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File	Edit View	Project	Window		Help												
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`	Hello_KHR3(V2	2.0)_English	^					1		Ċ	Ì	Ŷ		Ë,	1		į i
	🚞 For RadioC	ontrol			. Pos		P.	Po	s1			Pos	2	_	P. P.	os3	
	🔏 Hello_KHR	3(V2.0)_Eng	lish.h4							_	1			<u> </u>			ι.
	HLO001_Gr	eeting.xml															
	HLO002_H	omePositio	n(Hell														
	HLO003_W	aving.xml				• •		• •						• •			
	HLO004 En	couragem	ent.xm													• •	

2.Double-click on the greeting motion file in the Project Browser window to open it, or open the greeting motion file using the File menu in the Main Window.

- 3.Pos0, Pos1, Pos2, and Pos3 appear in line on the screen. Notice that the red flag on Pos0 shows the control at which motion begins. Each control is connected by a line. The control execution order proceeds in the direction and sequence of the arrow at the middle of the connection lines. (Refer to the "Motion Editing Window" section on page 52 for more detail.)
- 4.Run the greeting motion to check the content of the motion. This is gone by clicking the ___: RUN button in the toolbar in the Motion Editing window. If the motion does not run properly, or if it stops mid-way, check the COM Baudrate and other settings in the Project Settings window.

Position Editing Basics

5.Double click the "Pos0" control on the upper left side of the greeting motion.

6. The Position Editing dialog appears.

In the example, 17 servo settings are completed, but if you wish to modify individual slidebars from their initial position, refer to the Motion Editing section. (Refer to the "Motion Editing" section on page 60.)



7.When the Osync: Sync button is pressed, the synchronization with the robot becomes active (in Windows XP the background color changes, while in Windows Vista/7, a blue frame appears). At this point, synchronization of the position data on the screen and the position data of the robot to which RCB-4 is attached begins. Synchronization stops by clicking the Sync button again.

- 8.While in the Sync mode, moving the servo scroll bar will change the input value, and the servo rotation angle. Alternatively, you can enter a value into the position input field and then press ENTER to change the servo angle. In this example, the Neutral position is shown as 0. When "0" is entered, the actual value sent to the servo is 7500, and the robot will move to the Neutral position.
- 9.In this example, to create the greeting pose "Osu" with the robots hands at the hip position, the following servo position data should be written. Please be aware that when you enter the values while the ^O sync : Sync button is ON and press ENTER it will cause the servo to move to the entered position values.



Head (Yaw) angle is being changed using the slider.



Right Shoulder (Roll) -600	Right Shoulder (Pitch) 1000	Left Shoulder (Pitch) -1000	Left Shoulder (Roll) 600
Right Elbow 3400			Left Elbow -3400

10.Once the position of each servo is set, enter the number of frames in the frame number input field to the bottom-right. Here, a slightly longer value of 60 is selected.

Framos	60	
ridifies	00	-

- 11.Pressing the RUN button in the Position Setting dialog moves the servos to the set position.
- 12. When setting is completed, press the OK button to complete the Pos0 position setting.

Edit Using Smart Teach

13.Next, set the position data for Pos1 and Pos2, so that the arm positions are the same as Pos0.

- 14.To check the Pos1 pose, press the Move button (upper left) and run the position set in Pos1(the robot moves automatically when synchronization is active).
- 15.Data for additional positions can be entered the same way as Pos0. However the alternative Smart Teach position setting method can be much more effective. In the Position Setting dialog, select an arm servo (right shoulder (pitch), right shoulder (roll), right elbow, left shoulder (pitch), left shoulder (roll), or left elbow). Move the cursor to the position panel, and right-click when the cursor shape changes (left figure); the panel color changes and becomes selected. Or, you can select multiple servos collectively by holding down the the right mouse button and moving the cursor over the desired servos (right figure).





- 16.After selecting the desired position panel, press the *III* TEACH : Smart Teach button once. The servo(s) selected in the position panel will go into the Instruction state and relax. Move the servo(s) by hand to create the desired posture.
- 17.Once the posture setting is complete, press the position.
- 18. When all the servo position changes are complete, press the OK button, close the position setting dialog, and save the Pos1 control data.
- 19. Using the same method, change the Pos2 posture so that the arm is bent.
- 20.When completed, Test the changes by clicking the 🕨 : RUN button in the motion editing window.
- 21.Clicking the 🚽 : Save button will overwrite the saved data. If you wish to save using another name, choose "Save Motion As" in the File menu. The new name you enter here becomes the name of the motion that is currently being edited.

Instruction and Smart Teach

The "Instruction Function" capability is designed into many of the Kondo servos, including those used in the KHR-3HV. In this mode, the servo retains enough position stability so that the posture does not change on its own, but it can still be easily rotated by hand. The servo always reports its position, so the robot's posture can be determined by observing the position data. This is called the "Instruction Function".

In HeartToHeart4, the Instruction Function has been enhanced to include a "Smart Teach" function. In this mode, only the selected servos are in the Instruction Mode, while the other servos remain stationary. Using this function, flexible position creation, such as changing only the pose of the upper body while maintaining the lower body pose, is made possible.

Save Motion to ROM and Run

22.When the motion data editing is completed, save the motion data to the RCB-4HV ROM. (Note: If you save motion data often under different names, you will be able to re-use that data in the future using copy/paste.)

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	ľ	os	0		ľ	1	Pos	57		ľ		Pos	2	

- 23.Press the Build button or press the F5 key. "Build" refers to converting the control structure into a program that can be understood and executed by the RCB-4HV, and saving it to ROM.
- 24.When the Build dialog opens, specify the motion slot where you want to register the motion and press OK. In the figure, the motion is saved to M001.

No.	Name	Date	Address	^
M001	HLO001_Greeting	12/14/2017	2944 (00B80)	
M002	HLO002_HomePosition(Hello_KHR3)	12/14/2017	4992 (01380)	
M003	HLO003_Waving	12/14/2017	7040 (01B80)	
M004	HLO004_Encouragement	12/14/2017	9088 (02380)	
M005	HLO005_Chagrined	12/14/2017	11136 (02B80)	
M006	HLO006_Handstand	12/14/2017	13184 (03380)	
M007	M007	7/17/2013	15232 (03B80)	
M008	HLO008_Clapping(Call M40 at 10 times)	12/14/2017	17280 (04380)	
M009	HLO009_Clap the Rhythm(Call M40)	12/14/2017	19328 (04B80)	
M010	HLO010_Push-Up(10 times)	12/14/2017	21376 (05380)	
M011	HLO011_One Leg Bend and Stretch(5 times)	12/14/2017	23424 (05B80)	
M012	HLO012_Rabbit Jump A(3 times)	12/14/2017	25472 (06380)	
M013	HLO013_Rabbit Jump B(3 times)	12/14/2017	27520 (06B80)	
<		10/14/0017	>	~

- **25**.When writing is completed, the "Osu" motion is registered to M001 of the Motion List.
- 26.By selecting the "Osu" motion (M001 in this example) in the Motion List window and clicking the ▶ : RUN button, the motion is run.

. . .

How to Use HTH4 - Intermediate

Project, Guide and Motion Creation

In this chapter, various items such as project and motion creation of HeartToHeart4 will be described in detail.

Operation Procedures

- 1.Project
- 2.Motion Creation
- **3.**Motion Conversion Function
- 4.Description of Control

1.Project

In HeartToHeart4, all related motion data, button data for wireless control, HeartToHeart body settings, and other data are managed together as a "Project". Using this approach has many benefits as described below.

Project Creation Flowchart

The figure shows a flow chart that shows the sequence of operations for moving the robot, including motion editing and project management, using HeartToHeart4.

1.Project Creation

In HeartToHeart4, a project is always created first. A project includes all the information and settings that manages everything necessary to move a robot as a unit. In the HeartToHeart4 process, a project is created first, then the overall settings made, and then settings for the RCB-4 are written. Within the PC, the project is treated as one file. By interchanging the projects, different Kondo robot types can be managed.

2.Motion Data Management

There are two basic Motion Data types; pre-build data that can be edited in the motion editing screen and post-build data that is executed by the RCB-4. Pre-build data can be saved as individual motion files. Postbuild motion data is managed by the project file.

3.Project Setting

The created project data is edited in the Project Setting window.

4.Motion File

After the Project Setting is complete, motions are created. Motions are edited in the motion editing window.

5.Run Motion

Edited motion can be run after writing to the RCB-4 (build), and can also be run without writing (inline-running). If a motion does not run properly, edit the motion again to correct any errors or problems.

6.Individual Writing

The Motion currently being edited is saved to the RCB-4 when the build is done. It is also saved in the project data.

7.Write At Once

When "Write At Once" to the RCB-4 is chosen in the Project Setting screen, all the post-build data that the project manages is written at once as a whole.

8.Wireless Control Button Assignment

A Wireless Control button can be assigned to the built motion. The assigned button data is also managed by the project.



Motions can be managed according to games or other use



By managing motions in terms of projects, the character of the robot can be changed immediately according to different games or other use.

By creating unique projects for robot games such as soccer and battle, motion management becomes easy. Also, by using the Write Motion At Once button, all the robot motions can completely be rewritten by one click.

Projects can be shared using Trim Merging and Import.



Using the Trim Merging and Import functions, projects obtained from other users can be adjusted to match the settings for your robot, without requiring trim adjustments.

Project Setting Window

In HeartToHeart4, the initial RCB-4 settings, motion program data, and wireless control assignment are all saved as a single project setting file. The Project Setting window enables the modification and editing of project settings using a simple GUI. Primarily, servo settings, analog mixing and the frame cycle can be set. When you click the check boxes and Write buttons on the screen the robot status will be updated with the latest settings, so it is important to make sure the communication speed of your PC and the RCB-4 are synchronized befor making changes to the data.

Toolbar



- 1.RAM Write button is used to developing the set trim position data and other settings to the RCB-4 RAM, and moves the servos to the set positions. Use this function when you want to check the settings status before saving to ROM.
- 2.RAM Read button is for reading the current system setting values from the RCB-4 RAM and displaying them on the screen.
- **3.**Save All To ROM button writes all of the data set in the Project Setting window along with the motions to the RCB-4. When writing, the Start-up Position can be selected from the Trim Position or the Home Position.
- 4.Software is rebooted by pressing the Restart button.
- 5. The ROM can be formatted (zero records) by pressing the Format button.

Project Setting Tab

In the Project Setting Tab, the following options for the system's initial settings can be selected.

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1	None	Nono	Mone	Nono	anne		
2	None	None	None	None			
3	None	None	None	None			
4	None	None	None	None			
5	None	None	None	None			
6	None	None	None	None			
							- M

1.Frame cycle

Refers to the base time interval for sending commands to the servos when running a motion. Assign 15-20 ms when ICS Baudrate (later described) is 11500, and 10-15 ms when it is 1250000. As a general rule, the smaller the interval, the more agile the motion becomes, but if communication speed is slow, motion may not finish within the frame cycle.

2.COM Baudrate

The communication speed between the PC and the RCB-4 is set.

3.ICS Baudrate

The communication speed for serial device devices, like servos connected to the SIO port of the RCB-4. If the ICS Baudrate is not set correctly, the device, like a servo, will not operate.

4.Green LED

Indicates the RCB-4 green status LED. If the Green LED is OFF, data can not be read from the ROM, so after checking, be sure to turn it ON.

System Configuration

5.Project Name

English single byte characters of up to 32 characters in length can be registered to the RCB-4 ROM. Entering the project name then pressing the Write button writes the information to the ROM. The Read button reads from RCB-4. If nothing is saved, it remains blank. Used when saving project name and date.

6.Watch Port Condition

Indicates the status of the RCB-4 analog ports and PIO ports.

While the Sync button is clicked, clicking the radio button for each port the current state of the indicated ports is displayed. Clicking on the analog ports displays the analog-digital conversion values and voltage in the Measured Value field. Clicking on the PIO port, the port state is displayed as H (HIGH) or L (LOW). Clicking again the same radio button stops reading. The AD value used in RCB-4 is the value obtained by subtracting the Reference value from the value (Real value) acquired inside RCB-4.

When the origin of analog output voltage such as a gyro sensor is not OV, adjust the Reference value to match the origin of the sensor.

7.Motion at Reduced Voltage

Specific motions can be designated to run after the start-up motion at start-up corresponding to the RCB-4 battery voltage (POW port voltage). Up to three motions can be registered. The registered motion will repeatedly run as long as the conditions are met.

Priority Motion Setting

8.Start-up Motion

One motion can be designated to run at start-up after moving to the start-up position.

9. Other Priority Motions

As with the Motion at Reduced Power Voltage, the motion will be repeated as long as the conditions are met. For conditions, the PIO port, along with the analog port, can be used.

Caution

The Motion at Reduced Power Voltage and other Priority Motions are canceled by external input such as KRC-1/2/3/5FH.

To clear each priority motion from registration, select "none" and write to ROM.

Initial Setting of Servo (Servo Setting Tab)

Servo Selection Field: There are two servo selection fields, one for SIO1, 2, 3, 4 and one for SIO5, 6, 7, 8. The names corresponding to each ID are registered. By deleting the position panel of the servo you wish to remove from the panel on the right and writing to RAM, or writing to ROM and rebooting, the signal will not be sent to the particular servo, thus shortening the frame cycle.

Press the Sync button in the Main Window to synchronize the movement of the position panel's slidebar and its connected servo.



Selection of Position Panel

By clicking the position panel, the color of the background and characters change and it becomes selected. Clicking it once again cancels selection.

Clicking on an area without a position panel cancels the selection of all position panels.

Servo List

1.Name

Name assigned to a servo can be changed. Slowly click twice on the name to make it editable. After editing is completed, press the enter key or click another place to finalize the change. Be sure to save the project.

2.ID

List of servo IDs.

3.Display Rate

The displayed value of the serial servo rotation range (\pm 4000 from Neutral) can be changed. For example, the rotational range for KRS-2552HV is \pm 135 degrees, by setting the display rate to 135/4000=0.0338, the position panel's value is displayed as \pm 135 (There may be a round-off error). Clicking on the display rate field of the servo, the value input field appears.

Toolbar

4.Neutral

By pressing this button, all positions become "0". When the Sync button is ON, the servo moves simultaneously.

5.Panel Color

Background and frame color of the selected position panel can be changed. They can also be returned to

standard setting.

6.Alignment

Enables alignment of selected position panels.

7.Image

Changes the graphic background of the position panel arrangement area. The changed graphics is also applied to the backgrounds of the Trim Adjustment tab and the POS control.



Servo Setting Panel Layout (Servo Setting Tab)

- 1.To position servos on the servo setting panel, using the mouse drag the name field of the required servo from the Servo List, and drop it in the desired position on the servo setting panel. Multiple servos can be dragged and dropped using this technique. However, those that are already in the Servo Setting panel can not be dropped. Data such as the servos used, the arrangement and color of the Position panel, etc. are managed by the project file. Be sure to save the project file after changing any colors or positioning, other wise your changes may be lost.
- 2.Position panels can be moved by dragging them with the mouse after being dropped. Movement automatically snaps to a fixed 8 dots per grid, but holding down the ALT key while dragging enables smooth movement.
- 3. Arrangement is immediately reflected on the Position Setting screen of the motion editing screen.

Trim Adjustment (Trim Setting Tab)

In the Trim Adjustment tab, the posture, which becomes the robot's reference pose, is set using the Trim Position.



Toolbar

1.Open button

Reads saved trim data and applies it to the project.

2.Save button

The trim position on the Trim Setting panel are saved to a file separate from the project. The file's extension will be ".h4t".

3.Trim Merge Menu

From Project

The trim data alone can be read from another project file, and applied to the present project.

From RCB-4

The trim data from a connected RCB-4 can be read out and applied to the present project. Appropriate trim data must be saved in the RCB-4.

Trim Panel

The Trim panel uses same layout as set in the servo setting tab. In the Trim Adjustment tab, you can not change the layout or change colors. The Trim Position is changed using the sliders. Changing slider values while pressing the Sync button in the Main Window synchronizes with the corresponding servo.

Analog Mixing

Analog mixing refers to the adjustment of servo angles using analog sensor inputs from sensors like a gyro or accelerometer. It is normally used to stabilize the posture of the body by controlling vibration and servo angle by multiplying a suitable factor based on the sensor input.

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lixing Settings IO1,2,3,4						
Name	ID	MIX1 Src	MIX1 Ratio	MIX2 Src	MIX2 Ratio	^
Head(Yaw)	0	OFF	1 2	OFF	1 2	
L Shoulder(Roll)	2	OFF	1	OFF	1	
L Shoulder(Yaw)	3	OFF	1	OFF	1	
L_Elbow	4	OFF	1	OFF	1	
L_Thigh(Yaw)	5	OFF	1	OFF	1	
L_Thigh(Roll)	6	OFF	1	OFF	1	
L_Thigh(Pitch)	7	OFF	1	OFF	1	
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O5,6,7,8						
Name	ID	MIX1 Src	MIX1 Ratio	MIX2 Src	MIX2 Ratio	^
Waist(Yaw)	0	OFF	1	OFF	1	
R_Shoulder(Pitch)	1	OFF	1	OFF	1	
R_Shoulder(Roll)	2	OFF	1	OFF	1	
R_Shoulder(Yaw)	3	OFF	1	OFF	1	
R_Elbow	4	OFF	1	OFF	1	
R_Thigh(Yaw)	5	OFF	1	OFF	1	
R_Thigh(Roll)	6	OFF	1	OFF	1	
R_Thigh(Pitch)	7	OFF	1	OFF	1	

Operating description

1.BAT, AD1-10 Radio Button

By clicking the BAT or AD1-10 radio buttons while the Sync button is being pressed, analog port data will be read from RCB-4, and the measured value will be displayed on the screen. Clicking the checked box again stops the reading.

2.Factor

Assign a multiplication factor to increase or decrease the effect of the mixing data. If you need an inverse effect, assign a - (negative) value.

3.Real Value

The actual output of the analog port specified in the Source field.

4.Capture button

Transfers measured value being measured to the standard value.

5.Reference Value

Sets the mixing data standard value.

6.Difference (AD Value)

Displays the difference between the standard value and the measured value. For example, in the case of a sensor that outputs 200 under normal conditions, by setting the standard value as 200, the actual variation from the standard (difference between the AD conversion value and the standard value) can be utilized. The servo output is then adjusted using this difference value multiplied by the Factor. Note: The standard value can also be changed using the slider on the bottom.

Method of Operation

1.Press the button for the port for which you wish to set the standard value(Set Analog Standard Value field). The current measured value and the set standard value are displayed. Set the standard value using the Capture button and/or the slider. When setting the standard values for multiple ports select each port and set the standard values for all of them.

2.Press the Sync button in the Main Window to synchronize with the RCB-4.

3.In the mixing settings field, select the servo to which you want to apply mixing. The selected servo background will be blue. Note: Setting is not enabled for servos with a white background, so setting mixing

for those with a white background will not make them operable.

4.Click on MIX1 source or MIX2 source field to display the Usable Analog Port Selection menu. Select the analog port for the sensor to be used. In the Sync state, the actual data will be displayed in the measured value field.

5.Enter the Factor in the MIX1 or MIX2 factor field on the side to complete the mixing setting.

To replicate the mixing settings at start-up, make sure to save the project file, and write it to ROM. Settings will be reflected after reboot.

For more details, refer to "KHR-3HVOptionManual_KRG-4.pdf" included in the CD-ROM.

System Settings (System Setting Window)

The software settings for HeartToHeart4 are set in the Systems Settings tab. Open from the "Windows" menu. Selections with * marks will be enabled after rebooting HeartToHeart4.

🐼 System Settings (* item needs restart)		×
Language Externally Controled Server Externally Controled Server SIO1,2,3,4	D	
2 artup Settings Name 3 Always turn sync button on* Hand(Yaw) 1 Load latest project automatically at start* Left Shoulder(Pit 2 create new motion when loading a project Left Shoulder(Pau) 4 roject/Motion Settings Left Elbow 5 End POS dialog button treated as the OK button Left Hip(Kau) 6 Notify when unnecessary controls are found at build SIOS 5.7.8	ID 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	
Do not overwrite trim data when writing project Number of recent project files Number of undo count Double click interval (motion editor) [ms] Edit screen size Width 1110 Height 1220 Night Elbow Night Hip(Yaw) Night Hip(Yaw) Night Hip(Yaw) Height Hip(Roll) OK	ID 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	

Startup Settings

1. Always Turn Sync button ON *

At start-up, if the COM port is connected the Sync button is automatically turned ON. If HeartToHeart4 is terminated while the COM port is connected, the COM port will automatically be connected the next time.

2.Load latest project automatically at start *

The last project that was used is automatically re-loaded at start-up.

3.Create new motion when loading a project

A new motion editing screen appears when a project is loaded.

Project/Motion Settings

4.End POS dialog button treated as the OK button *

The End Dialog button (position control) is treated as an OK button. Pressing the End button confirms the edits.

5.Notify when unnecessary controls are found at build.

If there is a control that is off the connection line path during motion building, a notice will appear.

6.Do not overwrite trim data when writing project.

When writing the project to the RCB-4 using the Save All To ROM button, trim data alone is not overwritten. Note: When no project has written, the trims are not correct, so make sure to write the trim data to ROM at least one time.

7.Number of recent project files

The maximum number of recently used projects displayed in the "Recently Used Project" menu in the File menu.

8.Number of undo count *

The maximum number of commands held in the buffer that can be undone in the motion editing window.

9.Double click interval (motion editor) *

The time interval between mouse clicks for them to be recognized as a double-click.

10.Edit screen size

Sets the size of the edit area in the motion editing window.

11.Display font *

The font used in the screen can be changed.

Externally Controlled a Servo Regardless of POS Control.

By adding a check mark on the servos whose background color in the servo list is white, they become responsive to external commands from the COM port, even though they will not appear in the POS control. Note: the servos with blue backgrounds are already registered as those to be used. In other words, regardless of the motion, a servo can be controlled by external commands. To move a servo from the COM port, see the RCB-4 Command Reference.

2.Creating Motion

Motion editing window

In the motion editing window, arrangement of controls, connection and writing of created motion data etc. are performed. By connecting controls by lines, the process sequence is determined. Load a motion from the File menu in the Main Menu, or double-click the Motion file in the Project Browser window, to open the motion editing window. When the motion editing window is in tab form, the current motion name can be changed by right-clicking on the tab.

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Parts Name

1.Save button	7.Branch button
2.Build button	8.Flag button
3.Conversion Table Display	9.Edit menu
menu	10.Run button
4.Divide Motion button	11.Run from selected the
5.Select button	Control
6.Connect button	12.Step-run button

13.Stop button
14.Repeat button
15.Change Control Size button
16.Rename
17.Grid Size Setting menu
18.Alignment menu

Description of Parts

1.Save motion using Save button

Saving overwrites previously saved versions. To save under a different name, select "Save Motion Under New Name" in the File menu (Main Menu).

2.Build button

Pressing the Build button displays the Build dialog. Motion data is written to the ROM when the write position is set in the dialog and OK is pressed.

Conversion Function

3.Conversion Table Display menu

The position data content can be converted at once. (For use of the Conversion Function, refer to the "Conversion Function" section on page 64.)

Divide button

Connected POS controls can be divided into multiple POS controls. (For use of the Division Function, refer to the "Division Function" section on page 67.)

Edit Menu

5.Select button

Used to select controls. Can be selected with the "s" key or the ESC key on the keyboard.

6.Connection button

Used to connect controls with a line. Can be selected with the "c" key of the keyboard.

7.Branch button

A branching line is drawn from a conditional settings control to a destination control that matches the condition. Can be selected with the "b" key of the keyboard.

8.Flag button

Flags can be attached to the start and end positions of the control. The Start flag and Stop flag switch

according to the number of clicks you make on the control under the flag-mode. Can be selected using the "f" key on the keyboard.

9.Edit menu

Copy, cut, and paste can be done. The same operation is possible by right-clicking.

Inline-Running

10.Run button

A motion on the canvas is run from the Start flag position to its end or to the Stop flag position.

11.Run from selected the Control

Run the motion from the selected the Control. (From Ver.2.4)

12.Step-run button

Incremental program control with the Start flag or the mid-run position being processed. Note: Step-run is ineffective for some controls.

13.Stop button

Running stops. While step-running, all mid-run marks will disappear.

14.Repeat button

By setting the repeat button during regular running, repeat-running is continuously executed. To stop, press the Stop button.

Others

15. The size of selected controls can be changed at once.

16.Name and number is reassigned to controls selected on the screen.

The names and numbers are reassigned from left to right or top to bottom.

17.Grid Size Setting Menu

Grid size is changed.

18.Alignment Menu

Controls are aligned. Align Left; Center Vertically; Align Right; Align Top; Center Horizontally; Align Bottom can be selected from the menu.

Control Arrangement Procedure

Arrangement of Control

1.The arrangement of servo panels in the Position Setting screen is done in the "Servo Setting Tab" (Project Setting screen). Set the servo panel position and color, then save the project. After saving the project, to arrange the servo panels arrange the position controls by dragging from the toolbox window to the motion editing screen. (Refer to "Setting Slidebar of the Position Editing Dialog (Servo Setting Tab)" section on page 47)

2.Drag the control from toolbox window and drop it onto the canvas.

- **3.**The dropped control can be moved by dragging with the mouse. Drag while pressing the CTRL key to move smoothly.
- 4.The mouse cursor shape changes when the mouse comes in close contact with the right and bottom sides of the control. The size of the control can be changed by dragging in that state. Also, the size of the control can be changed by dragging the bottom-right corner. By pressing the CTRL key while changing size, the size can be changed smoothly.

Selecting and Moving Controls

- Click on a control to select it. The control color will change.
- 6.To make multiple selections, hold down the SHIFT key while clicking on the controls.
- 7.Or, drag the mouse to surround the controls you wish to select for multiple selections.

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8.Range selection while pressing the SHIFT key enables selecting controls that are spaced far apart and can not be easily selected at one time.

9. Pressing the DEL key while selecting will delete the selected controls.

- 10.Controls can be moved by dragging. If an anchor point is selected in addition to a control, the anchor point will move, as well. To move the anchor point by itself, select the anchor point by itself and drag.
- 11. When changing the size of multiple controls, drag the right side, the bottom side, or the bottom-right hand corner while pressing the SHIFT key.

Connecting by Line

- 12. The mode changes to line connection mode by pressing the Connect button. By moving the mouse cursor onto a control, the mouse cursor snaps to the center of the control. (Center snap function)
- **13.** A line appears by moving the mouse cursor after snapping. Snapping to another control in this state displays a line and fixes the connection. Lines currently connected are bold and blue.
 - Clicking on a part of the screen other than a control while connecting adds an anchor point (break point).
 - Pressing the ESC key while connecting cancels anchor points. When the ESC key is pressed a number of times until there are no anchor points, the connection mode automatically shuts down, and changes to the selection mode.
 - Anchor points are displayed only in the selection mode.
 - Double-clicking on an arrow on the line creates an anchor point.
 - If you wish to reconnect lines after confirming, first click on the arrow at the center of the connection lines to turn it selected (the line color changes to blue), then press the DEL key to delete the line.
 - To delete an anchor point, click on an anchor point to select it, then delete by pressing the DEL key. Double-clicking on an anchor point will select all anchor points on the path.
- 14. The number of lines that can be drawn from one control is two for conditional controls (the Compare group) and one for all other controls.
- 15. There is no limitation to the number of lines coming into a control.

Copy, Cut and Paste

- **16**.Control and line information are copied to the software buffer by pressing CTRL + C keys while selecting control.
- 17. Pressing CTRL + V pastes a copy of information saved in the buffer on the canvas.
- 18.Pressing CTRL + X keys after selecting a control cuts it from the canvas and saves a copy in the buffer.
- 19.Copy-and-paste can be done across each motion editing window.

Illustrated Guide to Motion Editing

The HeartToHeart Ver.2.0 motion editing method has changed considerably from previous versions. In this section the editing procedure is described, in the order of line connection and editing, anchor points, as well as moving and changing control size. Note: The motion shown in the figure is merely a connection example and has no actual meaning in terms of movement.

1.First, open a new motion editing screen. Arrange four POS controls and one CmpAD control on the screen, as shown in the figure. Wire in connect mode as shown in the figure and return to select mode.

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2.Click on the arrow; the color of the line changes to blue and becomes selected. Pressing DEL while the control is selected will delete the line.

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3.Double-clicking on the arrow while in the selected mode turns it to an anchor point.



4.Clicking on the anchor point selects the anchor point. Press the DEL key while it is in a selected state to delete the anchor point.



5.An anchor point can be dragged.



6.Switch to connection mode. In the connection mode, by drawing out a line from the branched control, a line for when condition is not met can be connected. Click on the screen while a line is being drawn to turn it into an anchor point. The line and anchor point can be canceled with the ESC key.





8.To connect to a destination for when branch condition is met, use the branch connection mode. By switching to the branch connection mode and connecting a line to another control, the branched line turns red. In the figure, the connection is created so that when the conditions set in CmpAD control is met, the program proceeds to Pos3, and when the condition is not met, the program proceeds to Pos2.



9.Switching to the selected mode with the ESC key displays round anchor points. By areaselecting, anchor points can be selected, too.



10.Multiple controls can be moved by pressing the SHIFT key.



11.Dragging on the right side, bottom side, or bottom-right corner of a control allows you to change its size. By selecting multiple controls, the size of multiple controls can be changed at the same time.



12.By clicking on a control or anchor point while pressing the SHIFT key, objects located apart from each other can become selected at the same time, too. Dragging will move them at the same time.



13.Dragging the Edit Screen while pressing the ALT key will scroll the screen.

- 14.Undo is performed by pressing Ctrl+Z, returning to the state of one operation before. After Undo, pressing Ctrl+Y will allow to Redo.
- **15.**Right-clicking after selecting a control displays option menus. Control names can be changed by selecting "change display name".





16. The number of lines that can be drawn coming out of a control is one, or two for a branch control. There are no limitations to the number of lines that can be connected into a control.



Creating Motions from Scratch

Creating and running new motion data is described in this section. Step-run will also be described. In this exercise, the Home Position data is used to create a motion where the robot swings both arms several times, as shown in the figure.

- Load a project
- 1. First, create a new project or load an existing project. (Refer to "Project Creation / Import" section on page 25.)
- 2..Connect to the communication port and complete trim adjustment, etc. in the Project Settings window. Or, if trim adjustment is already complete, select "From RCB-4" in "Merge" on the "Trim Adjustment" tab and incorporate trim data from the robot into the project.
- 3. When trim adjustment is complete, write the project. When writing is complete, re-start the robot as shown in the displayed dialog.

Basic Position

- 1.Generally, motions should be created so that they start in the Home Position and end in the Home Position. Doing this ensures that the robot will begin to move from the same position no matter what motion is played, which allows motions to be played in a stable manner. All the motions registered in the sample project end in the Home Position. Develop appropriate motions like greeting and walking. To develop a motion, doubleclick the name of the motion you want to develop in the project browser window.
- 2. To link HeartToHeart4 operations to the Robot's movements, click the "Sync" button and make the operations active.
- **3**. The motion' s last Pos control is the Home Position. Double-click Pos and open.



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4. When the control is opened, the robot also takes the same pose, and a robot that is not moving is in the Home Position pose, so the robot takes the same pose as this Home Position. (The Home Position differs with the project.) When the Home Position is certain, press the "Save current position as a home position" button and register in HeartToHeart4. Now when you press the "Home Position" button, the robot will be able to enter the Home Position from any other position.

*The position saved with the "Save current position as a home position" button is not saved in the project. Be aware that when HeartToHeart4 or the project is closed, it is reset.

- 5. When the Home Position is saved, close the sample motion that is open. There is a confirmation of whether to save, but press "No" and close.
- Create New Motion in Motion Edit Window
- 1.Select "Motion" from the "New Creation" menu on the main window's file menu, or press the "Create new motion" button on the toolbar and open a new motion edit window.
- Rename Motion
- 1. Change the name of the motion before beginning operations. "WaveHands" is used for the example.

POS Control Initial Value

When a POS control is drag-and-dropped from the toolbox, all positions will be as they were set in advance. When a POS control is copied and pasted, the positions will be copied as well. To return the positions currently being edited to Neutral, press the \mathbb{T} : POS control Trim button. When the position panel is arranged on the motion editing screen by dragging-and-dropping from the toolbox window, the positions previously used will be reflected. The Frame Number becomes 100. By copying and pasting position controls, the content of the copied position controls are duplicated.

Create Motion Data

- 1.Open the toolbox window from the toolbox on the window menu. Or, press the "Toolbox window" button on the window toolbar.
- 2.Drag-and-drop two POS controls to the motion edit window from the toolbox window. A flag is displayed only on the PosO control, the first one that was moved This is called the start flag. The motion starts from this start flag.

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- 3. "Press the "Connect" button on the toolbar and switch from edit mode to connect mode. Move the mouse cursor and click the control you want to connect. Next, when you move the mouse cursor over another control, the connection line snaps to the middle of the control, and when you click it, the line connection is established. When controls are connected to each other, an arrow showing the motion sequence is displayed in the middle of the line or between anchor points. Confirm that the arrow is pointed from PosO to Pos1.
- 4. When the connection is complete, switch to select mode and press the "Save motion" to save the motion data.
- Edit Motion
- 1.Create a pose in which the robot raises its arms with its arms spread open. Double-click Pos0 and open it. When the position setting dialog is displayed, input the figures from the table below into each servo.





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R. Shoulder (Roll) -800	R. Shoulder (Pitch) -4000	L. Shoulder (Pitch) 4000	L. Shoulder (Roll) 800
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[Servo Parameter Specification]

- 1-1. Values can be specified by the moving the slide bar. To specify values in detail at the level of each individual position, press the up/down buttons.
- 1-2. Values can be specified by directly entering them into the textbox. Once you' ve entered a value, press the Enter key and it will be incorporated.
- 1-3. Using the SmartTeach function (teaching function), you can specify parameters by directly putting the robot into a pose. When you click the servo you want to specify, the background color changes to deep blue. Press the SmartTeach button in this state and the specified servo will depower so that it can be moved freely by hand. When you robot is in the pose you want, press the SmartTeach button again. The servo will go into the hold state and the parameters for each of the joints will be incorporated.

*With the Sync button pressed, if you move the slide bar or specify the figures and press the Enter key, the robot will move. Make sure the robot can move freely.

- 2. When each of the parameters for Pos0 have been specified, press the OK button and close. Closing with the × button will cause the parameters to reset, so always make sure to press the OK button.
- **3**.Next, make the robot close its spread-open arms. Open Pos1 and specify the positions from the following table. When complete, press the OK button and close.

R. Shoulder (Roll) 250

R. Elbow 1000



R. Shoulder (Pitch) -4000

Online-Play

- 1.At this point, try playing the data. First, press the "Home Position" button and return the robot to the upright position.
- 2. Confirm that the start flag is in Pos0.
- 3. Press the "Play motion" button. It should play Pos0 (Raise arms spread-open) and then Pos1 (Close arms). If it plays without any problems, go to the next step. If the movements aren' t right, confirm the prior procedure or adjust the trim. Or, if structurally the arms don' t go up, there may be a problem with how the robot was assembled, so refer to the assembly instructions.
- Change the Motion Speed
- 1.When online-play is conducted, the robot's movements may seem slow. This is because "Frames" in Pos control is set to 100. The smaller the "Frames" number is, the faster the movement. To speed up the movement, open the Pos controls and change the setting to 60. Run online-play, and if the speed has changed, the process is complete.

% *If the movement is too fast, the robot may lose its balance and fall over.

Insert Repeat Process

1.Next, repeat the action of opening and closing the arms five times to make the robot wave its arms. From the toolbox window, place the SetCounter control, LoopCounter control and one new Pos control in the arrangement shown in the diagram.

*The number after the control name is the order in which the controls were arranged, so they may not be the same as the diagram.

- 2. After laying out the controls, connect them. Connect with black lines and blue lines as shown in the diagram. Connect the black dotted line in "Connect" mode, the same as in the previous process. Connect the blue line as well in "Connect" mode. (The connection line turns blue when the control has a bifurcation function.)
- 3. The orange line is in "Bifurcation connect" mode. Connect to the Pos added from Loop. When wiring is complete, return to "Select" mode.





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🞍 Hold	Puts the selected :	Set	.ounte	2.	Pos)		Po	\$1	÷.			
2 Pos	Determine the rob												
SingleServo	Simple controller t					·				۰. ب			
Compare							9			1	£		
CmpAD آسية	Compare analong					: Ľ	oops			14	054		
CmpButton	Compare button in												
CmpPIO	Compare PIO inpu												
🚊 CmpTmr	Determine the dist												
CmpValue	Compare spacific												
	Loop (repetitive) p												
() Loop													
@ Loop Set													
@ Loop Set													
@ Loop Set WavwHi	ands												
G Loop Set WavwH:	ands		*	Ec	lit -			M			5		
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© Loop Set WavwH: ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽ ₽	ands	1	٣.	Ec	lit •		•	N			5	24	
G Loop Set WavwH:	ands	Conr	♥ nect	Ec	lit -						5		
G Loop Set WavwHi 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ands	Conr	♥	Ec	lit -		- 				5	24	
WavwHi		Conr	♥ nect	Ec	lit •				-		5		
GLoop Set WavwH WavwH SetCount	ands	Conr	♥ nect	Ec	lit -						5		
GLOOP Set WavwH: Careford Content SetCount	ands	Conr	♥ nect	Ec	lit -				-		5		
WavwHi	ands	Conr	♥ nect	Ec	lit -						5	12	-
Gloop Set WavwHi Set SetCount	ands	Conr	♥ nect	Ec	lit -			N			5	12	-
G Loop Set WavwHi Set SetCount	ands	Conr	♥ nect	Ec	lit -			N			5		-
Gloop Set WavwH Set SetCount	ands	Conr	♥ nect pop3	Ec	lit -			N os4			5		-
Gloop Set	ands	Conr	♥ nect bop3	Ec	lit -			N os4			5		-
Gloop Set	ands Poso	Conr Conr	۲ mect boop3	Ec	lit +			N os4			5		-

X WaywHands



- 4. Double-click the SetCounter control to open, select "C1" for the counter and set the value to 6.
- 5.Set the LoopCounter control. Set the counter to "C1" just like the counter in the SetCounter control. If a bifurcation line is already connected, the bifurcation line connections are displayed in the "Destination" box. If you change the destination on the destination menu, the display in the motion edit window also changes. After making changes to values in LoopCounter, etc., always click the OK button and close the dialog. You can also connect a bifurcation line after changing control content.



Counter

Destination

OK C4

In the LoopCounter control, the set counter value is reduced by 1 and when it reaches 0, the process moves to the control specified as the destination. The LoopCounter control initially subtracts 1 and then shows the result, so to repeat 5 times, set the SetCounter control to 6.

Like with LoopCounter, with a bifurcation control in the "Compare" group, you can change the destination in line with conditions. With a bifurcation control, to connect with a destination control in the case the conditions were not met, connect the controls in normal connect mode (the line turns blue). When conditions are met (with LoopCounter control, when the count value reaches 0), switch to bifurcation connect mode and connect with the destination control. In this example, Loop4 \rightarrow Pos5 is when the conditions are met, so connect a bifurcation line in bifurcation mode. Loop4 \rightarrow Pos1 is when the conditions are not met, so connect the line in normal connect mode.

In HeartToHeart4 Ver.2.0 and later versions, LoopCounter, etc. supports online-play.

- 6.Open Pos4. With both the robot's hands spread open, that position is reflected in the Pos control. Pos4 is the final Pos, so it is necessary to move to the Home Position. Press the "Move to home position" button and return the robot to the Home Position. This is also reflected in the Pos control parameters on the screen. If there are no problems, press OK and close.
- 7. This motion data is designed to run the motion from SetCounter, but since the start flag is in Pos0, it plays from Pos0. Press "Start/Stop flag" and click SetCounter to specify it as the start position. When the flag appears, the process is complete.
- 8. When the action is correctly repeated in online-play, the motion is complete. Put the robot in the Home Position pose and press the play button. However, in online-play, the timing differs from regular movements, so be sure to write to ROM using the procedures below and perform a motion check.





Motion Adjustment

When the motion is started and the robot moves from the Home Position to Pos0, it will immediately put its hands up, and because the robot is not heavy, just raising its hands may shake its body. If this happens, increase the frames value and run the motion slowly. Putting the pose into Pos0 and Pos1 so that its hands do no move far from its body can also be effective.

- Write Motion Data to Robot (ROM)
- 1.Press the "Build" button.

- 2. Specify an empty location in the displayed dialog and press the OK button. This will write the motion data to the robot (ROM).
- 3. Confirm that it is displayed in the motion list window. When playing the motion, click on the motion and press the play button in the window.



(i) Build	-			>
No.	Name	Date	Address	^
M031	HLO031_Kick Backward(Right Leg)	12/14/2017	64384 (0FB80)	
M032	HLO036_Lay On The Stomack	12/14/2017	66432 (10380)	
M033	HLO037_Lay On The Back	12/14/2017	68480 (10B80)	
M034	HLO038_Side Punch A(Left)	12/14/2017	70528 (11380)	
M035	HLO039_Side Punch A(Right)	12/14/2017	72576 (11B80)	-
M036	M036	7/17/2013	74624 (12380)	
M037	M037	7/17/2013	76672 (12880)	
M038	M038 43	7/17/2013	78720 (13380)	
M039	M039	7/17/2013	80768 (13B80)	
M040	HLO007_Clapping_Routine(Build M40)	12/14/2017	82816 (14380)	

Motion Table									
U	N 🛛 🖬 🖉 🗙 🐈	3 X 🖬							
No.	Name	Button No.							
M034	Play from begging A(L	B:0							
M035	HLO039_Side Punch A(R	B:0							
M036	M036	B:0							
M037	WavwHands	B:0							
M038	M038	B:0							

Motion 🗋 🎦 💭 🥔 V X V Save motion

Pro	jec	t (2	L		*	N	/lot	ion)	<u>1</u>
				-1	~J~							
AZ	↓ -	#	‡ -	I ₽	Sa	ve	pro	ojeo	tt	o fi	e	[
		•			•							
•		·	÷		·						·	

Save and Close

- 1.Press the "Save motion" button and save the motion. When the motion is saved, close the window.
- 2. The motion list window content is saved in the project, so before closing HeartToHeart4, press the "Save project to file" button and save the project.
- **3**.Select "End" on the main menu's file menu to close HeartToHeart4.

3.Motion Conversion Function

Normally the Position Setting screen specifies the position of the servo to create robot postures. By using other functions such as the Link/Parameter, the Conversion, and Division functions, changing of motion data can be semi-automated.

Link / Parameter Function

With the Link function, the robot's posture can be created by setting a displacement value in the Position panel. The Parameter function is used to save and read positions being currently edited. Both functions are used from the LINK menu of the POS control.

How to use Parameter Function

1.To save the current position as a parameter file, select 🚽 : Save as Parameter in the "Read Link Function Button" and save file after setting the position. The file extension is "h4l".

	×
TEACH 🛛 🛃 < RAM 🛛 📅 🛣 🍳 📴 Li	ink 🕶 🚽 🛶 +
 	Create New Link Ctrl+N
Hand(Yaw)	Edit Link File
	Open Link File Ctrl+O
Right Should	Save As Parameter Ctrl+S

- 2.To load the saved parameter file, press 🛃: Open Link File in the "Read Link Function Button" and load the link file. Loading the file applies the saved position to the position panel.
- 3.The saved link file will be added to the menu the next time it is used. Note: Be sure to save the project. Otherwise the menu will revert to its previous state. Also, since the link references an external file it will cease to function if the external file is deleted or moved.



How to use New Link Function

- 1.Open the Position Setting screen and change the robot's posture to the current position using the MOVE : MOVE button.
- 2.Open the LINK menu and select the "Create New Link File" menu.
- **3**.A LINK Setting dialog will be displayed. Input the desired displacement value per button in each position panel. The screenshot shows an example of a knee bend.
- 4.After completing the input, press the OK button to return to the POS control screen. If you wish to use the set data more than once, save the file using the Save button. Be sure to save the project afterwards so that the link will be displayed in the Link File Selection menu the next time it is booted.
- 5.The Link data will be set when you return to the POS control.

🚰 LINK					×
🚰 Load 🛃 Save 🛛 NoName	- 🤊	Neutral			
13					
Save link data	Hand(Yaw)	0.0 🌩			
	T				
		THE .			
Right Should 0.0 🖨 Right Sh	ould 0.0	Left Shoulder	0.0	Left Shoulder	0.0
	2 1955	/ A-VI - C	-14		
Right Elbow 0.0 🖨			- 1	Left Elbow	0.0
		10 🛃	.		
		- 	Lik.		
Right Hip(Ro 0.0		Lef	t Hip(Roll)	0.0	
Picht Hin/Dit	2500.0	Left Hip/	2500 (
rughe r np(r re		cere rinp(i			
4			0		
Right Knee	-500.0	Left Knee	500.0)÷	
				-	
	Contraction of the local division of the loc		and man h		
Right Ankle(F	-700.0 🔤 🗖 -	Left Ankl	e(Pit 700.		
	ar h	R III			
Right Ankle(F			nkle(Rc	0.0	
Night Ankie(i					
Lett Hip(Ritch) (200	OK	CANCEL			
a cere i up (r iceri) 2000					

6.Press the Move to +, - Direction buttons to change position.



Reading Link Function

- **1.**Even though the Link function file and the Parameter function file have the same extensions, their contents are different and automatically switch to the corresponding mode.
- **2.**If a Link function file is loaded, it shifts automatically to LINK mode after loading is completed. By performing actual operations and pressing the LINK Function button, the position is changed.
- 3. Positions can be changed using the slider in the position panel even under the Link mode.

Conversion Function

The Conversion function allows you to change set positions at concurrently by various methods, without opening the Position Setting screen in the Motion editing screen.

Currently, it is only effective for positions in the Position Setting screen.

Description of Operations

1.Read Conversion Function menu

Read the conversion function file.

2.Save Conversion Function menu

The conversion function is written to a file.

3.Clear List button

Deletes the list of conversion functions currently being edited.

4.Name field

The name of the servo to be converted is displayed. In the screenshot, the Head (Yaw) servo's position is being converted to 50.

5.Operating field

Select conversion function.

6.Value field

- Input conversion value.
- 7.Select Frame Function menu

Select type of conversion for frame.

8.Frame Number Input field

Input frame conversion value.

ID	Port	Name	Operation	Value
0	SIO1	Hand(Ya	5	6
1	SIO1	Left Shoulder(Pitch)	Mirror	Right Shoulder(Pitch)
1	SIO2	Right Shoulder(Pitch)		
2	SIO1	Left Shoulder(Roll)	Mirror	Right Shoulder(Roll)
2	SIO2	Right Shoulder(Roll)		
4	SIO1	Left Elbow		~
4	SIO2	Right Elbow	Addition	
6	SIO1	Left Hip(Roll)	CopyTo	
6	SIO2	Right Hip(Roll)	Mirror	
7	SIO1	Left Hip(Pitch)	Multiplication	
7	SIO2	Right Hip(Pitch)	Parameter	
8	SIO1	Left Knee	ReadFrom	
8	SIO2	Right Knee	None	
9	SIO1	Left Ankle(Pitch)		
9	SIO2	Right Ankle(Pitch)		
10	SIO1	Left Ankle(Roll)		
10	SIO2	Right Ankle(Roll)		

Conversion to Servos

ltem	Content	Range of Change	Remarks
Addition	Add a specified number to the position of the conversion target.	± 8000, minimum unit 1	
СоруТо	Copy the position of the conversion target to a specified control.	Selectable servo	
Exchange	Reverse the position datas of the conversion target and the specified control.	Selectable servo	*
Mirror	Move the value of the control that specifies the position of the conversion target to the opposite direction from its center.	Selectable servo	
Multiplication	Multiply a specified number to the position of the conversion target.	± 100, minimum unit 0.1	
Parameter	Directly input position of the conversion target.	± 8000, minimum unit 1	
ReadFrom	Copy specified position to the position of the conversion target.	Selectable servo	
None	Choose when canceling selection.	-	

* The former Change command

Conversion to Frame

Item	Content	Range of Change	Remarks
#	Set the specified number as the number of frames.	± 255 unit 1	*
+	Add the specified number to the number of frames.	± 255 unit 1	*
-	Subtract the specified number from the number of frames.	± 255 unit 1	*

U

Item	Content	Range of Change	Remarks
*	Multiply the specified number to the number of frames.	± 1000 unit 0.1	*
/	Divide the number of frames by the specified number.	± 1000 unit 0.1	*
%	Set the specified % against the present number of frames.	± 1000 unit 0.1	*
None	Override conversion.	ignore	*

* All results are within the range of 1 to 255. Even if 0 is specified as #, the number of frames will be 1.

Difference from Former Conversion Function

In HeartToHeart3, the Conversion Function conversion was performed in sequence starting from CH1; so, after CH1 was converted, CH2 referred to the converted value in CH1. In HeartToHeart4, the conversions are performed on the original data, so it is no longer necessary to consider the sequence of conversion. However, the Exchange (the former Change) function alone actually transfers the position data.

MIRROR has been added as a new function. Similar to the former Reverse function (where the direction was reversed relative to the Neutral position of a servo), the MIRROR function allows specifying a point of reference. If the same servo is specified as both the conversion target and the destination, the same effect as the Reverse function is obtained. The MIRROR function is convenient for transferring positions that are symmetrical but opposite to each other relative to the Neutral position, like knee servos.

For Frame Conversion, specification by % is now possible.

How to use the Conversion Function

- 1.Select the control you wish to convert in the motion editing screen. The conversion table will not be displayed without selecting. In the current version, only POS controls are enabled and selection of other controls will be ignored.
- Press the Read Conversion Table button or select a saved conversion file from the menu.

Pos0 Pos1 Pos2			<u> </u>		_																
Pos0 Pos1 Pos2		•	٣			L	N	1	K.			2	÷.	X	_		I.				
		·	Po	s0		ľ		P P	0S			P	-	Po	s2		н.				
		. '					·						•								•
		·	÷	·	·	÷	·	·	÷	·	·	•	·	÷	·	·	•	•		•	•
		·	•	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	•	·	·	·	·	·	•	•		•
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	•	·	•	·	·	·	·	·	·	•	·	·	·	·	·	•	•		•
		·	•	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	•	·	·	·	·	·	•	•		•
		÷	•	·	·	•	·	·	•	·	·	•	·	•	•	•	·	•	•	•	•

🛅 🛃 🔁 🔓 🚅 💘 🛛 Edit 🗸

Conversion table,

Motion edit 1

3.A Conversion Table screen will be displayed. Click on the operation field of the target servo, display the conversion menu and select a conversion function. The screenshot shows an example of producing a symmetric movement in the upper body.

2	ConversionTableDialog											
i 💕	- 🛃 - 🛛 🗙	Clear										
ID	Port	Name	Operation	Value								
0	SIO1	Hand(Yaw)										
1	SIO1	Left Shoulder(Pitch)	Mirror	Right Shoulder(Pitch)								
1	SIO2	Right Shoulder(Pitch)										
2	SIO1	Left Shoulder(Roll)	Mirror	Right Shoulder(Roll)								
2	SIO2	Right Shoulder(Roll)										
4	SIO1	Left Elbow	~									
4	SIO2	Right Elbow	Addition									
6	SIO1	Left Hip(Roll)	CopyTo									
6	SIO2	Right Hip(Roll)	Mirror									
7	SIO1	Left Hip(Pitch)	Multiplication									
7	SIO2	Right Hip(Pitch)	Parameter									
8	SIO1	Left Knee	ReadFrom									
8	SIO2	Right Knee	None									
9	SIO1	Left Ankle(Pitch)										
9	SIO2	Right Ankle(Pitch)										
10	SIO1	Left Ankle(Roll)										
10	SIO2	Right Ankle(Roll)										
Fra	me	∨ 0.0 ◄	[OK CANCEL								
N												

4.After selecting a conversion function, click on the value field in the same line. Different value setting menus will appear depending on the type of conversion. Select an appropriate number or servo name.5.If necessary, input the frame function and value.

- 6.To cancel a selected conversion function, select "None." The value in the value field will remain but will not be applied.
- 7. The conversion function currently being edited can be saved using the Save button. By saving, the function will be added to the reading menu for the next time. However, in order to avoid having the function deleted from the menu, even after terminating HeartToHeart4, the project must be saved. The extension for the conversion function file is "h4c".
- 8.Saved conversion files can be read from the Read menu. This list will be saved in the project file. If you wish to use the conversion file again, the project file must be saved.

	Mot	ion	edit	1														
		<u>ا</u>	- 6	5	\square	2	2	¥	-	Ec	lit	•					U	5
		¢	C	onv	/ersi	on t	table	2						1				
	Po		C	:\U	sers	\ k \	\Nev	vC	٥n	/ert	.h4	c			•	•		•
								ļ					1	•				
· •	•		•	•	•		•	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	•	·	·	•
• •																		
• •	·		•	·	·		•	·	·	·	·	·	·	·	•	·	·	•

9.Conversion is executed by pressing the OK button.

Division Function

The Division Function is a function that divides the interval between of two position controls by a specified interpolation number. There are four division methods (interpolation methods).

Select Position Control

Select two position controls in the Motion Editing screen. These two controls must be connected by a line. Following selection, press the Division Function button to open the Interpolation Setting dialog.

Interpolation Setting Dialog

- **1.**Select an interpolation number. The specified number of position controls will be inserted between the selected controls.
- 2. The number of position control frames inserted can be specified when "insert only" is selected as the Interpolation Type, as described in 3 below.
- **3.**The number of resulting number of frames is determined by dividing the number of frames in the destination by the interpolation number. For example, if the number of frames in the destination is 100 and the interpolation number is 4, the number of control frames inserted becomes 20, and the number of frames in the destination control becomes 20, as well.
- 4.When insert only is selected, the specified number of controls will be inserted, independent of the number of frames in the destination.
- 5.Interpolation Method
 - Equal Number of Frames by Uniform Division

In uniform division, the position changes by the amount of the travel distance divided by the insertion number.

Third-order Polynomial Interpolation



In third-order polynomial interpolation, the amount of travel distance is calculated by a third-order polynomial equation. There is no deceleration state and the servo reaches the designated control at maximum speed.

Fifth-order Polynomial Interpolation



In contrast with the third-order polynomial interpolation, the fifth-order polynomial interpolation has a deceleration section, and the servo reaches the designated control at a speed of 0.





4-1-4 Interpolation



The 4-1-4 interpolation method allows a uniform velocity section to be inserted while moving. 0 to 25% of the total can be allocated to the uniform velocity section. Specifying 0 will have the same effect as the fifth-order polynomial interpolation.

Division is executed by pressing the OK button. In the example, five are inserted. When the resulting number of frames is less than 1 as a result of the interpolation (division), it will be set to 1. In this situation, servo movement may be slowed.



4.Control Description

Controls used in the creation of motion are described. Examples described in this section are used for the sole purpose of describing the control and have no meaning in their movement.

A setting dialog appears when each control is double clicked. In order to apply the values set in the setting dialog, make sure to click the OK button to close the dialog. If there is a check mark on the "Make the Exit Control Dialog button the same as the OK button" in the system setting tab of the Project Window, the Exit button in the dialog's title bar will also confirm the command.

To close the dialog without setting a command, press the Cancel button.
Position Setting

Free



Puts the selected servo to a free (powerless) state. Clicking the name of the servo you wish to free (Checkmark will appear). In the screenshot, the left shoulder (pitch) to right elbow are in a free state.

Operating description

Select using left mouse click.

TinkFreeDialog	×
Hand(Y	aw)
☑ Right Shoulder(Rol ☑ Right Shoulder(Pite	✓ Left Shoulder(Pitct ✓ Left Shoulder(Roll)
Right Elbow	🗹 Left Elbow
Right Hip(Roll)	Left Hip(Roll)
Right Hip(Pitch)	Left Hip(Pitch)
Right Knee	Left Knee
Right Ankle(Pitch)	Left Ankle(Pitch)
Right Ankle(Roll)	Left Ankle(Roll)
OK	CANCEL
▶ 3C 03 00 00 00	

Hold



Puts the selected servo to a hold state. Clicking on the name of the servo you wish to hold (retain state). In the screenshot, only the lower body is at a hold state.

Operating description

Select using left mouse click.

🚰 LinkHoldDialog	Х
Han	d(Yaw)
Right Shoulder(Ro Right Shoulder(I Right Elbow	tit Left Shoulder(Pitcl Left Shoulder(Roll)
Right Hip(Roll)	✓ Left Hip(Roll)
Right Hip(Pitch)	Left Hip(Pitch)
🔽 Right Knee	Left Knee
Z Right Ankle(Pitch)	✓ Left Ankle(Pitch)
Right Ankle(Roll)	Left Ankle(Roll)
OK	CANCEL
V 00 F0 3F 00 00	

Position



The robot's posture is determined by selecting servos and setting their angle. Beginning with HeartToHeart4 Ver.2.0, opening a POS control while the Sync button is pressed automatically moves the servo to that position.

Operating description



1.Move button

Move to the position assigned in the Position Setting dialog. Also moves by pressing the SPC key.

2.Free button

Puts the robot to a powerless state.

3.Smart Teach button

Selecting a position panel on screen the pressing the Smart Teach button puts the selected servo into Teach Mode. After positioning the servo, press the button again and the position will be applied to the position panel.

4.Load from RAM

Pressing this button applies the position data from the RCB-4 RAM to the position panel.

5.Trim button

Moves to the trim position set in the Trim Adjustment tab.

6.Home Position button

Moves to home position saved by the Save Home Position button.

7.Save Home Position button

Saves the present position as Home Position.

8.Load Link Function menu

Includes the Create New Link File, Edit Link File, Open Link File, and Save Link Parameter menus.

9.Call Link Function menu

By selecting link parameter data saved in the project, the data is set in the POS screen. (It is not displayed on the screen if it is a link file.) After the data is set, the position can be changed using the +- Link Movement button.

10.One Direction Link Movement button

Moves in the opposite direction to the value specified in the position panel. Note: a link file needs to be loaded before the button is pressed.

11.+- Direction Link Movement button

Moves toward the direction of the value specified in the position panel. Link file needs to be loaded before the button is pressed.

12.Number of Frames

By changing the number of frames, operation from the previous position to the current position uses the number of frames specified. The length of time for the movement becomes the number of frames x the frame cycle.

13.Status

(For details on LINK function, refer to "LINK / PARAMETER Function" section on page 62.)

SingleServo

This control moves only a single servo. Select the servo you wish to move from the servo list and set its position using the track bar at the center of the dialog. The number of frames can also be set. Number of valid connection points: Output 0 or 1

Operating description

1.Select servo you want to move.

- 2. The position of the track bar and the angle of the servo are linked by pressing Sync button. (Servo moves.) * Beware of the servo's output axis. Unexpected injuries such as catching your finger may occur.
- **3.**The current position data is shown. You may also directly enter a value to make it move.
- 4.Assign the number of frames.

Singles	Servo		×
Servo] Left Shoulder(Pitcl ∨	ID 1	2 U Sync
Position	3	•	1500 -
		4 Frames	10
	ОК	CANCEL	
N 0B 10 04	4 00 00 00 00 0A 28 23 74		:

Conditional Branching / Repeat

In the Conditional Branching / Repeat control, the motion flow direction is determined by satisfying the branching conditions such as analog input and others. The branch lines, indicating the desired motion flow, need to be connected according to the desired conditions. If the set conditions are insufficient, then the flow will not take place. This control does not support inline-running.

1.Arrange the control on the canvas using drag-and-drop.

- 2.For conditional branching control, first connect only two destinations to the control. Other controls can be connected later.
- 3.Double click the control to open the setting dialog.

CmpAD



The dialog shown at the bottom left side of the screen opens when a CmpAD control is double clicked. Set the port, comparative operator, reference value and destination in the Setting dialog and then press OK to apply the settings.

The screenshot shows a Free Position control and a Hold Position control connected to the CmpAD controller.

Screen Process

When AD port is larger than the reference value 100

"Free2" position connected on the right is executed.

When AD port is smaller than or equals to the reference value 100

"Hold3" position is executed.

Part Names

1.AD Port

Select the analog port.

2.Operator

Specify a comparative operator.

- When AD Value is ___ than the specified standard value:
 - = (equal to)
 - > (more than)
- >= (more than or equal to)
- < (less than)
- <= (less than or equal to)
- != (not equal to)

3.Reference Value

Specify a reference value.

4.Destination

Select the destination for when the condition is met. Unconnected items are not shown.

5.Sync button

Load present the analog value from the RCB-4

6.AD Value

Displays the analog value of the port loaded when Sync button was pressed.

7.Truth

Displays whether "Operator" and "AD Value" meet the conditions.

8.ValSet

Copies the AD Value to the reference value.



CompareButton



The motion flow branch is determined based on the button input values of the wireless controller. Motion flow can be branched based on the button input values and the analog input values from the wireless controller.

The desired button is selected by clicking the dialog button (\uparrow , \downarrow , Δ , \bigcirc etc.), and the corresponding control input values appear. By using the Method of Comparison (see 5 below) a motion can be executed by comparing the value set with the slide bar and the input value. When the button is clicked, the Method of Comparison is fixed at "=" (equal).

In the screenshot, when the button \uparrow is pressed, the Pos1 control is executed after the servo parameter is changed. If this is not the case, the Pos1 control is run without changing parameters.

Number of valid connection points: Output 2

Operating description

1.Destination

Specifies the destination when button data condition is met.

- Switches automatically depending on the type of data set at the end.
- The corresponding control input value appears when each button is clicked.
- 4. The corresponding port name and analog values appear by scrolling the four track bars.

5.Method of Comparison

Select a comparative operator when comparing with an analog value.

6.Button

7.Trackbar



Cmp PIO



The ComparePIO control allows changing the destination depending on the state of the PIO.

Operating description

1.PIO Port

The desired PIO port can be selected from PIO1-PIO10. To validate, add a check mark to the check box.

A PIO port without a check mark can not be the branch target.

2.State

The branching condition of PIO port can be selected from HIGH or LOW.

3.Destination

Selects the destination control to which the process proceeds when the set condition is met. Unconnected controls can not be selected.

Caution

If multiple checkmarks are set, branching occurs when multiple conditions are met at the same time.

To use this control, be sure to set the PIO port you wish to use as the "input" for the PIOConfig control.



CmpTmr



CompareTimer control creates branching processes based on the remaining time in the working timer.

Operating description

1.Timer

Up to three timers from T0 to T3 can be selected.

2.Compare

Set the method of comparison between the remaining time in the timer and the value to be compared.

3.Compared Value

The value that is to be compared with the timer's remaining time. The maximum value that can be set is 50 minutes (30000: unit 100ms).

4.The destination is the control to which the process proceeds when the timer's comparison condition is met. The destination can not be specified when control is not connected by a branched line.

5.When Timer Stops

When a check mark is added, the process moves to the control specified in "Destination" when the timer stops, not with the above condition. By adding a check mark and re-opening the dialog, the value to be compared will be 1, but ignore this since the value is NOT being compared in this case. In the example, motion 2 runs continuously until the timer stops.



Precautions on Using Timer-related Controls

- The timer is a countdown timer. A countdown timer decreases its value in increments of 1.
- The timer increment is 1 count every 100ms.
- A countdown timer does not stop at 0 but stops when its value becomes negative. The timer final value will be 32768, not -1 in that case.
- If you wish to create a condition where the timer T0 > 1.0, the condition will be met when the timer stops since its value will be 32768. Be aware of this fact.

CmpValue



CompareValue control is a control where a value is set in relation to the counter variable or a user variable, and then the motion flow branches according to the comparison result. In the screenshot, the posture changes by comparing the counter variable, which decreases every time a loop is repeated.

Operating description

1.Counter Variable

The counter variable can be chosen from C1 to C10. The counter variable is 1 byte, so it can be compared from -128 to 127.

2.User Variable

The user variable can be chosen from U1 to U20. It is a 2 byte variable and can be compared from -32768 to 32767.

3.Destination

The process proceeds to the specified destination when the set condition is met. Controls without a branched line can not be selected.

4.Variable

Compares to the specified counter variable or user variable.

Note: Not enabled during inline-running.



LoopCounter



The LoopCounter control is used in conjunction with a SetCounter control as a pair. The Counter number (C1 - C10) is set in the SetCounter control. When the LoopCounter control is run, 1 is subtracted from the set counter value each time, until the result is 0, then the process moves on to the specified control.

In the screenshot, first the SetCounter() control C1 counter is set to a number. When the process proceeds to the LoopCounter control, 1 is subtracted from the C1 counter. If the result is greater than 0, the Pos1, Pos2 controls are repeatedly run. When the result becomes 0, the MotionJump4 control is run, and the process proceeds to the specified motion.

Operating description

1.Counter

Specifies the desired counter.

2.Destination

The destination control to be used when the counter value set in SetCounter1 becomes 0 is selected from the name of the controls that are connected. Unconnected controls can not be selected.



Set

CalibrateAD



Analog Value is calibrated.

Depending on the analog sensor, the output data may deviate with environment or over time. When the expected sensor reference output deviates, the mixing result will change. This control is used to recalibrate the analog sensor value to adjust for deviations.

Add a check mark to the analog port you wish to calibrate. The standard value for the port will be reset. This has the same effect as the mixing standard value setting in the RCB-4 setting screen.



Remix

1₁

The selection of the port and servo mixing factor can be changed. The panel needs to be selected for the set values to be valid. In the screenshot, only the settings for the two ankles (pitch) are valid.

Operating description

- **1**.Select the servo for which you wish to change mixing setting by clicking.
- 2.In the mixing source selection menu and the value input field, specify the port and the mixing factor. Selecting "None" in the mixing source selection menu turns mixing off.
- **3**.Press the "OK" button to save the setting for the selected servo only. The settings will not be applied if the port is not set, even if there is a check mark.
- 4.Mix1 or Mix2 can be selected form the menu on the upper left side of the dialog.
- **5.**To cancel mixing of a servo for which mixing has already been set, select None and press OK button while the servo is selected.
- 6.To load the mixing setting saved in the RCB-4 ROM, press the "Load" button.
- 7.Pressing the "Write" button immediately applies the mixing setting of the selected servo to the RCB-4. In this case, turning the RCB-4 power off will disable settings.



ServoParameter



Stretch(Compliance) or speed of the servo is changed.

In the setting dialog, servo names, ID, insertion port and the parameter values are displayed. First, select the stretch or speed in the dialog. Then, enter a value by using the slider in the position panel or by entering in the value input field of the servo you wish to set. To apply the set parameters, select the position panel by clicking. The Command will not be correctly saved if the position panel is not selected. Clicking on a part other than the position panel cancels the selected state. Only the speed or stretch will be valid. Both speed and stretch can be set in the range of 0 to 127. The speed becomes faster as the value becomes larger. Servo becomes more rigid (hard to move) as the stretch value increases.

To cancel the speed or stretch that was previously confirmed by pressing the OK button, turn off the selected state of the position panel and press the OK button.

Operating description

- **1**.Select Speed or Stretch in the parameter selection menu.
- 2.Set the parameter using the slider or the value input field of the position panel.
- 3.Click the position panel to select it (color changes to blue) before pressing the OK button.



SetCounter



Input a value in the counter area (C1 - C10) in the SetCounter control.

Operating description

1.Counter

The counter area is specified.

2.Value

Value to be stored. (0 - 255)

3.Sync button

Store the value in the counter area. (Data is sent to the RCB-4, but is not currently used.)



Timer



The Timer control is used by selecting the timer to be used and the maximum measurement time. The timer count begins when motion flow executes the Timer control.

Operating description

1.Timer

Up to three timers of T0 to T3 can be used.

2.Maximum measurement time

When the set time arrives, timer stops. The maximum measurement time is 50 minutes (3,000 seconds).

🚰 TimerDialog	×			
Select timer and	mesurement time			
1 Timer	To ~			
2 Maximum Measurement T	60.0 🔺 [s]			
ОК	CANCEL			
▶ 09 00 02 3C 00 00 58 02 A1				

Motion Transfer

Anchor



This control enables transfer from other motions using the MotionJump control by adding an anchor destination mark at an arbitrary position within the motion flow.

Operating description

- 1.Anchor name: Any unique name can be used.
- 2.Delete anchor: Deletes the anchor which is selected from pull-down menu.

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How to Use an Anchor

- 1.Anchors are inserted into the motion flow. When an anchor is inserted, the motion flow stops at that point unless it is connected with a connection line.
- 2. When an anchor is inserted, make sure to build the motion. When the motion is built, the anchor position is confirmed in the ROM.
- 3.To jump to the anchor position, use the MotionJump control.

4. Anchor positions are not managed by the motion file, so be sure to save the project file.

Precautions

- Anchors can not be used unless the motion is built.
- To delete an anchor, make sure to press the "Delete Anchor" button to delete the anchor data before deleting the anchor control. Delete the Anchor control in the Motion editing window after pressing the Delete Anchor button.
- If an Anchor control is deleted in the Motion editing window before pressing the Delete Anchor button, place an Anchor control in the Motion editing window, select the anchor name from the pull-down menu, and then delete the Anchor control using the Delete Anchor button.

MotionJump



Causes the motion flow to jump to the assigned motion. Adding a check mark in "Return After Running", returns the motion flow to the present motion after it completes the motion flow at the jump destination. Other controls can be connected after the return. MotionJump does not function in inline running. Beginning with HeartToHeart4 Ver.2.0, anchors can be selected. To select, decide the anchor position beforehand.

Operating description

- 1.A mark appears on the motion name button when the motion is selected from the Select Motion menu.
- 2.A mark appears on the anchor name button when the motion is selected from the Select Anchor menu.
- **3**.Returns to the Motion Jump starting position after the motion is run or with the Return command, when a check is added to the check box.

🚰 MotionJumpDialog	×
Select destination motion or anchor	
Motion Name HLO001_Greeting	\sim
2 Anchor Name	~
3 Returns to the starting motion after run the jump OK CANCEL	motion
N 07 0C 80 0B 00 00 9E	.::

Ret



Returns from the jump destination. The command is used in combination with a Motion Jump control, but since a Ret is automatically inserted at the end of each motion, it is not used independently other than when debugging to return in the middle of a motion. Does not function in inline-running.

A Return only returns to the calling position, so there are no parameters to be set.

🚰 RetDialog	×
No setup items on this control	
OK	
M	:

General Input / Output

• Pio



A High state (5 V) is output from the PIO port by turning ON the check box. A Low state (0V) is output when the check box is turned OFF. Synchronizes with the RCB-4 by pressing the Sync button.

 \ast The only output port is the one assigned in the following "PioConfig" . Values set to the input port will be ignored.

Operating description

1.A High state is output by checking the box. The state becomes Low when the check is removed.

2.Sends the check box state to the RCB-4.

🚰 PioDialog	×
Put check mark on to output high state 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Al 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Al 2 5et Sync 2]
OK CANCEL	
M 09 00 02 3A 00 00 AA 02 F1	:

PioConfig



Set the PIO port Input/Output. The Port is set as output when check box is turned ON. Synchronizes with the RCB-4 when the Sync button is pressed. Starting with HeartToHeart4 Ver.2.0, the PIO port is set as input when the RCB-4 starts up. Always use the PioConfig control when using outputs in Pio control.

Operating description

- 1.The assigned port whose check box is checked becomes the output port.
- 2.If the Sync button is checked, it will synchronize with the RCB-4.

<pioconfig></pioconfig>			
Check "ON" (ex.) Circuit PIO / LED	OUTPUT) for the LED	Check "OFF" (ex.) Circuit Switch / I	(INPUT) for the Switch PIO
L(Low): ON	RCB-4HV		RCB-4HV
PIOX			
	<u> </u>		

The LED limiting resistor is mounted on the RCB-4.

If the terminal is not pulled up, H/L may become unstable when the switch is OFF.

PioConfig	×				
Put check mark on to change the PIO output 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 All V V V V V V V 1 Set U Sync					
2 OK CANCEL					
> 09 00 02 38 00 00 FF 03 45					

Advance

AnyString



Outputs an arbitrary string of English one byte characters from the COM port. Can be used to output notices such as motion run completion, and messages from the robot. The output data format is shown below. For details, please refer to the RCB-4 Command Reference etc.

In inline-running, the returning data will be displayed.

	AnyStringDialog ×
Г	Text (up to 128 charactors/digit/symbols)
	AnyString 0123456789
	Byte data returned from RCB-4
	17 00 41 6E 79 53 74 72 69 6E 67 20 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 E
	OK CANCEL
ы	



Example: The data that is returned when "ABC" is set in the AnyString control. (Numerical value is hexadecimal.)



Calc



In the Calc control, calculations (operations) can be carried out on one of the following: servo position, servo trim, MIX1 factor, MIX2 factor, analog standard value, control input value, counter, and user variables. Individual values can be specified as the calculation source data from the source list. Selecting from the source list adds a mark on the button. Since it is written to the RAM, the written data will become invalid once power is shut down.

For example, when a +100 calculation is applied to a servo whose current value is 7500, the position of the servo moves to 7600.

Operating description

1.Servo position

Calculation can be carried out on the current servo value specified in the source list.

2.Servo Trim

Calculation can be carried out on the servo trim specified in the source list.

3.AD Reference

Calculation can be carried out on the analog standard value trim specified in the source list.

4.MIX1 Rate

Calculation can be carried out on the servo MIX1 factor specified in the source list.

5.MIX2 Rate

Calculation can be carried out on the servo MIX2 factor specified in the source list.

6.Stick

Calculation can be carried out on control input value with the check mark.

7.Counter

Calculation can be carried out on the counter variable (C1-C10, only 1 byte calculation).

8.User Variable

Calculation can be carried out on the user variable (U1-U20, only 2 byte calculation).

9.Calculated Value Field

Enter a value to calculate the source on the left. Only integers can be entered as the calculated values.

10.Execute Calculation button

Calculation is carried out temporarily. In the screenshot, 50 is added to the trim value of the head. Be careful, as the robot will actually move when calculation is executed.

Precautions

- The data prior to calculation will be overwritten by the calculation result.
- If the calculation result exceeds 1 byte or 2 bytes, certain values may become negative. Malfunctions resulting from such situation are not taken into consideration by the program. Use with caution as servo may go out of control.

🚰 CalcDialog			×		
Calculate RAM data			9		
	Source	Operator	Value		
1 O Servo Position	~	~	0		
2 Servo Trim	Left Shoulder(Pitcl $ \smallsetminus $		30 💂		
3 O AD Reference	~		0		
4 O MIX1 Rate	~		0		
5 O MIX2 Rate	~		0		
6 O Stick	~		0		
7 O Counter	~		0		
8 O User Variables	~		0		
	0 Calculate	Result			
RAM date is overwritten by calculation result					
OK CANCEL					
M			.::		

UserCalc



UserCalc control usage is similar to the Calc control; the calculated value is not directly specified but instead is chosen from the counter variable or the user variable. For example, performing a + U03 (assuming 200 is the variable value) calculation on a servo motor whose current value is 7500, changes the servo motor position to 7700. The calculation result is reflected on the source such as the servo position and trim. Since data is written to RAM, the written data will disappear and become invalid once power is shut down.

For details on the Source Field, see the Calc control section.

Operating description

1.Source (Calculation Source Data Selection Field)

Select the type of calculation source data.

2.Calculation Type

Calculation type is selected.

3.Calculated Value Field

Select a value to calculate from counter variables or user variables.

4.Execute Calculation button

Calculation is temporarily carried out. In the screenshot, a value saved in U03 is added to the trim value of the servo motor's head (yaw).

Precautions

- The data prior to calculation will be overwritten by the calculation result.
- If the calculation result exceeds 1 byte or 2 byte, certain values may become negative. Malfunctions resulting from such situation are not taken into consideration. Use with caution as servo motor may go out of control.
- In this control, counter variables and user variables are not initialized. Make sure the counter variables and user variables are initialized to a suitable value using SetValue control etc., before using. If calculation is performed without initializing, servo motor etc. may move to an unexpected position.
- Calculation values on MIX1 Factor and MIX 2 Factor, Control Input Value, and Counter, are only for the Counter.

	Source	Operator	Variables		
O Servo Position	~	+ ~	O Counter		
Servo Trim	Left Shoulder(Pitcl $ \smallsetminus $		~		
O AD Reference	~		User Variables		
O MIX1 Ratio	~		U01 ~		
O MIX2 Ratio	~				
O Control Code	~				
O Counter	~				
O User Variable	~				
	4 Calculation	Result			
RAM date is overwritten by calculation result					

GetValue



GetValue control sends the RCB-4 RAM data to the COM port, counter, or user variable. It is used for reading current values with PC, or saving to a user variable.

Operating description

1.Servo Position

Outputs the current value of the servo selected from the servo list on the right side.

2.Servo Destination

Outputs the target position of the servo selected.

3.Servo Trim

Outputs the trim value of the servo selected.

4.AD Reference

Outputs the standard value of the analog port selected.

5.AD Value

Outputs the current value of the analog port selected.

6.Control Codes

Outputs the input value of the control selected.

7.Counter

Outputs the current counter value.

8.User Variable

Outputs the current user variable.

Destination of RAM data

9.COM Port

Outputs the data obtained from the COM port. Output formats from the COM port are as follows:

I Byte Data (PA1-PA4, for counter) 04 00 DATA SUM

2 Byte Data (other than 1 byte data) 05 00 DATA_L DATA_H SUM

05 00 DATA_L DATA_H SUM

Data

1 byte data

Data_L

Low 1 byte of the 2 byte data.

Data_H

High 1 byte of the 2 byte data.

SUM

For 1 byte data

04 + DATA rounded by 1 byte (255)

For 2 byte data

05 + DATA_L + DATA_H rounded by 1 byte (255).

10.Counter

Stores data in the specified counter.

11.User Variable

Stores data in the specified user variable.



Restart



RCB-4 is rebooted through software. There are no items to be set.

🚰 Restart	×
No setup items on this control	
ОК	
M	.:

SetValue



SetValue control allows directly applying values to servo position and analog standard value etc. Since it is written to the RAM, the written data will become invalid once power is shut down.

Operating description

1.Servo Position

The position of the servo.

2.Servo Trim

The trim value of the servo.

3.AD Reference

The standard value for analog input.

4.KRC Control Codes

An arbitrary value can be written in the button code, PA1 to PA4. All values are written at the same time.

5.Counter

An arbitrary value can be written in the counter variable (C1 to C10).

6.User Variable

An arbitrary value can be written in the user variable (U01 to U20).

7. Overwrite button

Rewrite is temporarily executed. Be careful, as the robot will actually move when executed.

🚰 SetValue	;				
Overwrite RAM data					
 Servo Position 	Left Shoulder(Roll) ~ 6000 🔶				
2 O Servo Trim	✓ 4000 🛓				
3 O AD Reference					
4 O KRC Control Cod	es(Set all at once)				
Button	0				
PA1	0 🜩 PA3 0 🜩				
PA2	0 - PA4 0 -				
5 O Counter					
6 O User Variable					
7 Overwrite Result					
[OK CANCEL				
09 00 02 E6 00 00 70 17	78				

StickMix



The StickMix control performs mixing on an arbitrary servo, based on the analog stick input values of a KRC-3 or other remote control. Servos other than the servos set in the Project Setting Window, such as those set in the System Set Window, can be targets of mixing.

Even if mixing is set to a servo set in the Project Setting Window, the servo position will return to that set in the motion when running other motions. For the servos set in the System Setting Window, the last mixing position will be retained even after running other motions. Unlike analog mixing, mixing occurs only when a StickMix control is executed within the motion.

When using the KRC-3AD, please be careful, because tilting the analog stick to the extreme will have the same effect as pressing the button. When running a control to which StickMix is applied, tilting the stick to the extreme while running motion using an assigned button could cause another button to be pressed, thus inhibiting the motion running as expected.

Operating description

1.Source

Specifies the input source to be used in applying analog stick mixing. PA1 to PA4 provide analog data of extended low-speed serial data. PA1 corresponds to the up-down direction of the left stick, PA2 to the left-right direction. PA3 corresponds to the up-down direction of the right stick, PA4 to the left-right direction.

2.Offset

The tilt angle of the stick becomes a value of 0 to 127. In the Neutral position, half its value, i.e. 64, will be output. To set the center neutral position as the standard value of 0, use the offset. In this case, by setting the offset at 64, the stick operating range becomes -64 to 63, instead of 0 to 127. Offsets can be set in the range of 0 to 127.

3.Scale Factor

The tilt angle of the stick can be amplified in the range of -128 to 127. Beware of the servo's maximum angle to avoid accidentally damaging the servo.

4.Servo

Select the servo you wish to apply mixing to.

5.Sync

By changing the source, offset, factor, and servo settings while pressing this button, the servo will actually move.

Calculation Formula

Mixing is implemented using the following equation.

servo position =("PAn value" - "Offset") x "factor" + "servo neutral=7500"

For example, when PA1's value is 100, offset is 64, and factor is 50, servo moves to the 9300 position when executing this control.

🚰 StickMixingDial	og X						
Stick mixing							
1 Source	PA1 ~						
2 Offset	64						
3 Scale Factor	10						
4 Servo	Right Elbow \sim						
	5 US Sync						
ОК	CANCEL						
▶ Right Elbow = (PA1 - 64) x 10 + 7500							

StickMix2



The tilt angle of the controller is assigned to the User Variable. By using along with URemix control, mixing of the stick tilt angle to the servo motor is made possible.

Operating description

1.Source

The number of the stick for mixing to be set is selected from PA1 to PA4. Multiple sticks can be selected.

2.Offset

The offset (the neutral position when the stick is not touched) is set. The Offset differs for each stick, so set for each.

3.User Variable

Stick tilt angle is assigned to the specified user variable. The same user variable cannot be assigned for each stick.



How to Use StickMix2

- 1.In Motion, arrange the URemix control immediately before the motion you wish to perform mixing on (in the example, URemix0). In the URemix Control, user variable and factor is assigned to the servo motor you wish to perform mixing on.
- 2.Arrange the StickMix2 control (StickMix21), add a check mark to the stick that is to be the source of mixing, and assign a user variable. In the Motion, when this control is performed, mixing value is copied to the user variable, so mixing occurs when the servo motor next moves.
- **3.**When exiting the motion, to avoid mixing trouble, rearrange URemix control and cancel user variable assignment of mixing (URemix5).

Precautions

At startup, user variables are not initialized; when the StickMix2 control and the URemix control is used without initializing, servo motor may move to an unexpected position. Make sure this control is used in conjunction with the URemix control, and initialize the user variable by switching mixing ON/OFF or using controls such as SetValue.





Swaps the RAM counter value (C0 - C10) or the user arbitrary variable (U01 - U20). In the screenshot, counter values are swapped at the button condition branch by entering a value in the counter variable using SetValue control.

Operating description

1.Counter Value

Swaps counter variable.

2.User Variable

Swaps user variable.

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URemix



The URemix control is similar to the Mixing tab in the Project Setting Window, except that the user variable can be used as the mixing source. To validate the mixing settings, check the box on the left of the servo name. To cancel the setting, uncheck the box.

Name	ID	MIX1 Src	MIX1 Ratio	MIX2 Src	MIX2 Ratio	^
Left Shoulder(Ya	3	OFF	1	OFF	1	
Left Elbow	4	OFF	1	OFF	1	
Left Hip(Yaw)	5	OFF	1	OFF	1	
Left Hip(Roll)	6	OFF	1	OFF	1	
Left Hip(Pitch)	7	OFF	1	OFF	1	
Left Knee	8	OFF	1	OFF ~	1	
Left Ankle(Pitch)	9	OFF	1	OFF	1	
Left Ankle(Roll)	10	U01	5	U01	1	
	11	OFF	1	U02	1	~
SIO5,6,7,8				U04 3		
Name	ID	MIX1 Src	MIX1 Ratio	U05	MIX2 Ratio	^
Waist(Yaw)	0	OFF	1	U07	1	
Right Shoulder(1	OFF	1	U08	1	
Right Shoulder(2	OFF	1	U09 U10	1	
Right Shoulder(3	OFF	1	U11	1	
Right Elbow	4	OFF	1	U12	1	
Right Hip(Yaw)	5	OFF	1	U13 U14	1	
Right Hip(Roll)	6	OFF	1	U15	1	
Right Hip(Pitch)	7	OFF	1	U16	1	
Right Knee	8	OFF	1	017	1	~

A user variable must be specified. When a value is substituted in the user variable by other motions (SetValue control), the mixing result of the specified servo changes. For example, if the U01 user variable address is set to x 3 by the URemix control and 10 is set for U01 in the SetValue control, the servo selected by the URemix control will be subjected to mixing of U01 x 3 = 30.

In the initial state, the mixing setting of the project is displayed. Mixing setting of the servo with the check mark will become active. An AD port can not be newly selected as the mixing source, but its factor can be changed.

Precautions

- The value of user variable at RCB-4 start-up is undefined. Always be careful to set the user variables first, and then execute the URemix control.
- Mixing will change even when rewriting user variables in other controls such as Calc. (Conversely, mixing can be adjusted according to the result of the Calc control.)

OWait



The Wait control is a control that stops motion by setting the timer to be used and the stop time.

Operating description

1.Timer

Up to three timers from T0 to T3 can be used.

2.Waiting Time

Timer stops when the set time comes. The maximum measurement time is 10 minutes (600 seconds).

😭 WaitDialog	×				
- Motion stops until tir	mer is running				
1 Timer	T0 ~				
2 Waiting Time	0.5 ● 秒				
ОК	CANCEL				
N 09 00 02 3C 00 00 05 00 4C					

Appendix List of Sample Motions

Project Specifications

Project Name Hello_KHR3(V2.3)_en.h4p
Frame cycle 15ms
COM Baudrate 1.25M
ICS Baudrate

115K

Running Motion Precautions

• The robot may make unexpected movements or fall. Always operate the robot in a wide space free of nearby objects. An open space of 1 sq. meters or more is recommended for the sample motions included with the kit.

Robot should be operated on a level surface without bumps, holes, or edges. The robots motion may differ depending on the surface condition. Motion-surface combinations are:

Top of conference room table, flooring, p-tiles	0
Concrete, linoleum	Δ
Poly vinyl chloride sheet, cutter mat	Δ
Thin carpet (industrial carpet squares)	0
Thick carpet, asphalt, dirt	not recommended
Tile, tatami	possible

⊖ = Best

 $\triangle = \mathsf{OK}$

•Due to qualities unique to the assembly process and robot variation, some sample motions may not run properly. In those cases, some trim adjustment and possibly adjustment of the motion itself may become necessary.

Sample Motion List

HL0001	Greeting	Bows slowly. This motion is used as example in this manual.
HL0002	Home Position (Hello_KHR3)	Home position of this project. Sample motions in this project always return to this position.
HL0003	Wave	Wave right arm while swinging.
HL0004	Hip, hip hurray!	Pull down right arm twice and then raise fist.
HL0005	Chagrined	Drop on all fours, and bangs right arm on ground.
HL0006	Handstand	Bend forward and do a handstand.

Motion Number	Motion Name	Description
HLO007	Clap routine (always build in M40)	Sub program of clap-type motion. Not used singularly. *Sub program should not be run singularly. *Always build into motion number M40.
HLO008	Clap (call M40_counter 10 times)	Clap 10 times. Can change number of claps by changing the counter value.
HL0009	3-3-7 rhythm clap (call M40)	Claps the "3-3-7" rhythm. Can change rhythm by changing value in counter.
HLO010	Push-ups (counter 10)	Stretches out front and does 10 push-ups. Can change number by changing value in counter.
HL0011	One legged knee bend (counter5times)	Bend and stretch right knee while keeping left leg straight to the front. Can change the number by changing the counter value. * Puts a heavy load on the right leg servo, so do not run repeatedly.
HLO012	Bunny hop A (counter 3 times)	Jump forward 3 times from a crouch position. Jump with slightly forward tilt. This motion is better suited on slippery surfaces such as flooring boards. * Adds heavy load on servo of lower body. Frequent running may cause damage to servo and frame.
HLO013	Bunny hop B (counter 3 times)	Jump forward 3 times from a crouch position. Jump with slightly backward tilt, and is better suited on surfaces with grip such as carpets. * Adds heavy load on servo of lower body. Frequent running may cause damage to servo and frame.
HLO014	Stand up (from stomach)	Stands up from a position of lying on stomach. * Do not run this motion from a standing position. Robot may fall and cause unexpected accident.
HLO015	Stand up (from back)	Stands up from a position of lying on back. * Do not run this motion from a standing position. Robot may fall and cause unexpected accident.
HLO016	Safe walk (forward_counter 5 steps)	Slowly walks 5 steps forward. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value.
HL0017	Safe walk (backward_counter 5 steps)	Slowly walks 5 steps backward. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value.
HLO018	Safe walk (left step_counter 5 steps)	 Slowly walks 5 steps to the left. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value. * This motion is assumed to be operated on a gripping surface such as carpet and may not operate smoothly on a slippery surface such as flooring. The problem may be resolved by using the optional "sole grip".

Motion Number	Motion Name	Description
HLO019	Safe walk (right step_counter 5 steps)	Slowly walks 5 steps to the right. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value. * This motion is assumed to be operated on a gripping surface such as carpet and may not operate smoothly on a slippery surface like flooring. The problem may be resolved by using the optional "sole grip".
HL0020	Quick turn A (left_counter 5 times)	Turns around 5 times to the left by shuffling feet on the spot. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value.
HL0021	Quick turn A (right_counter 5 times)	Turns around 5 times to the right by shuffling feet on the spot. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value.
HL0022	Regular walk (forward_ counter5steps)	Walks 5 steps forward at a relatively high speed. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value. * Due to unique characteristics of each robot, may not be able to walk straight or fall. Attempt trim adjustment.
HLO023	Regular walk (backward_ counter 5 steps)	Walks 5 steps backward at a relatively high speed. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value. * Due to unique characteristics of each robot, it may not be able to walk straight or may fall. Attempt trim adjustment.
HLO024	Regular walk (left step_ counter 5 steps)	Walks 5 steps to the left at a relatively high speed. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value. * Due to unique characteristics of each robot, it may not be able to walk straight or may fall. Attempt trim adjustment.
HL0025	Regular walk (right step_ counter 5 steps)	Walks 5 steps to the right at a relatively high speed. Can change the number of steps by changing the counter value. * Due to unique characteristics of each robot, it may not be able to walk straight or may fall. Attempt trim adjustment.
HL0026	Kick ball forward (left leg)	Kicks ball positioned in front of left leg forward. Compliant to KONDO CUP Official Ball and colored rubber balls.
HL0027	Kick ball forward (right leg)	Kicks ball positioned in front of right leg forward. Compliant to KONDO CUP Official Ball and colored rubber balls.
HL0028	Kick ball sideways (left leg)	Kicks ball positioned on the side of left leg to the left. Compliant to KONDO CUP Official Ball and colored rubber balls.
HL0029	Kick ball sideways (right leg)	Kicks ball positioned on the side of right leg to the right. Compliant to KONDO CUP Official Ball and colored rubber balls.

Motion Number	Motion Name	Description
HL0031	Kick ball backward (right leg)	Kicks ball positioned behind the right leg backward. Compliant to KONDO CUP Official Ball and colored rubber balls.

To run motions recorded in the "For Radio Control" folder, equipment sold separately are necessary. Required Equipment: KRI-3 transmitter (KRC-1, KRC-3AD, etc.), receiver (KRR-1, etc.), and the related connection cables

Sample Motion List - Wireless/Remote Control

HLO016RC	Safe walk (forward) wireless-applicable	1
HL0017RC	Safe walk (backward) wireless- applicable	2
HLO018RC	Safe walk (left step) wireless-applicable	8
HLO019RC	Safe walk (right step) wireless- applicable	4
HL0020RC	Quick turn A (left) wireless-applicable	1024
HL0021RC	Quick turn A (right) wireless-applicable	4096
HL0022RC	Regular walk (forward) wireless- applicable	513
HL0023RC	Regular walk (backward) wireless- applicable	514
HL0024RC	Regular walk (left step) wireless- applicable	520
HL0025RC	Regular walk (right step) wireless- applicable	516

* Motion continues as long as the assigned transmitter button is pressed.

Glossary

Mouse

Click	Press the mouse button once and immediately let go of the button.
Left Click	······ Click the left mouse button once.
Right Click	······ Click the right mouse button mouse once.
Drag	······ Move the mouse while holding on the mouse button down.
Drop	······ Release the mouse button after dragging.

Window

Focus	Condition under which the buttons and other controls are selectable and functional.
Dialog	A modal window where the focus can not be changed unless the operation in that window is completed.
OK Button	······ A button which says "OK" or "YES" .
Active	The condition where the window is focused, selectable, and functional.

Hardware

IO	······ INPUT and OUTPUT.
AD	Analog-Digital converter; converts an analog voltage into a digital numeric value.
PIO	Programmable IO. Input and output can be switched using 2 digital values (may be chosen between 0 V or 5 V).
COM	······ Communication port.
GND	Ground. In this manual, the point where 0 V is obtained.
bps	Bits per second. Data transfer rate. Refers to the number of bits transferred per second.
EEPROM	Electronic Erasable Programmable ROM. ROM (Read Only Memory) that can be electrically written/erased. ROM data is not lost even with the power off. May be referred to simply as ROM in this manual.
RAM	Usually refers to Random Access Memory, but in this manual RAM refers to all volatile memory. RAM memory loses its data when the power is shut off.
ROM	Read Only Memory. ROM memory retains its data even when the power is shut off. The RCB-4 uses EEPROM so read/write operations can be repeated.

SOFTWARE

Menu	A list of items that can be selected. When selected, the corresponding process is performed.
Pull-down	When the pull-down menu is selected using the mouse, a more detailed list appears with selections.
Main Menu	······ The pull-down menu in the main window.
Toolbar	The selection of clickable icons/processes that appear in a movable bar.
ComboBox	······ A box-shaped pull-down menu. Some ComboBoxes allow entering text.
csv format	······ The CSV (Comma Separated Values) data format includes data fields separated by a ',' . This is used to import/export data in a format that can be read and changed using other applications like a spreadsheet program.

Keyboard

CTRL	•••••	Control key
SHIFT	•••••	Shift key
SPC	•••••	Space key
ALT	•••••	Alt key
ENTER	•••••	Enter key
DEL	•••••	Delete key

+

Press two keys simultaneously. For example: "CTRL + X" means to press
the X key while pressing the Control key.

..... A motor equipped with a position feedback circuit that allows it to adjust its Servo rotational angle. Serration The ridge on the servo axis for the purpose of easy attachment of arms etc. Servo Horn The servo horn is attached to the servo drive shaft serration and transmits rotational movement to parts connected to the horn. Trim The offset from a center position that can be specified by the servo. This occurs due to misalignment of the servo drive shaft serrations when the servo horn is attached. The adjustment of this offset is called trim adjustment. The stiffness of the servo motion. Compliance. Stretch Gyro Sensor A sensor that detects the angle and/or the angular velocity of the object it is attached to. Mixing Applying a factor to the rotational position of a servo based on sensor input or other conditions. Free (powerless) Condition where no force is applied to the servo drive shaft. The servo drive shaft can be moved freely by hand. Hold (retention) Condition where the servo is stopped at its current position and tries to maintain that position. Mode in which the current servo drive shaft is free and the shaft rotation Teach position is frequently updated. The servo value is saved when hold the state is obtained after rotating output axis of servo to the desired position. Frame cycle The time base interval for commands sent to the servo when setting the servo rotational angle. The Frame Cycle can be set to 10, 15, 20, or 25 ms for the RCB-4. Number of frames..... When rotating a servo from one angle to another, the motion is smoothed by dividing it into a number of frames. The time that it takes to move from the beginning angle to the final angle is referred to as the frame cycle. For example, when a motion of ten frames takes place at a frame cycle of 10 ms, the total time would be 10 frames x = 100 ms. Neutral The rotational center position of the servo motion, 7500. For simplicity, in the Robot Position Setting Window, Neutral is shown as 0. Home Position The robot's Standard Starting Position. Normally, a state where all motors are in their Neutral position. Startup Position The initial posture the robot assumes after booting. Startup Motion The first motion that is executed after the robot is booted and has moved to its startup position.

Robot Servo Device

•••••

Keyboard Shortcuts

Ctrl+N		Create new project
Ctrl+M		Create new motion window
Ctrl+P		Open project
Ctrl+O		Open motion
Ctrl+S		Save motion
Ctrl+Shift+S		Save all motions
Ctrl+H		Move to Home position
Ctrl+Shift+H		Save current position as Home position
Ctrl+T		Move to trim position
F5		Build
F6		Assemble
S		Select Mode (Select)
С		Connect Mode (Connect)
В		Branch Mode(Branch)
F		Flag Mode (Flag)
Esc		
	[In Connect / Branch Mode]	Return connecting anchor point to one before. Return to Select mode when point becomes 0.
	[Others]	Disable selected state of present selected control and move to Select mode
Ctrl+Z		Undo
Ctrl+Y		Redo
Ctrl+X		Cut
Ctrl+C		Сору
Ctrl+V		Paste
Delete		Delete
Ctrl+A		Select All
Ctrl+Shift+A		Reverse selected state
т		Convert
D		Divide
Ctrl+R		Change display name
Ctrl+U		Change size of selected control
Ctrl+F		Change font color
Ctrl+B		Change background color
ТАВ		Moves to the next control to be executed after the currently-selected control. If there are no controls to select, the control with the start flag will be selected.
Ctrl+TAB		Moves to the previous Control to be executed.
ENTER		The setting screen for the currently-selected control will open. When multiple controls are selected, the setting screen of the control that is created first will open.
ſ		Move the currently-selected control to the back (last).
1		Move the currently-selected control to the front (first).
Ctrl+X		Cut
Ctrl+C		Copy file
Ctrl+V		Paste file
Ctrl+C		Copy the selected list to the clipboard

Message Window		
Ctrl+A	Select all	
Delete	Delete the selected list	
Delete	Delete the selected Motion	

Trouble Shooting

Program does not launch

If trouble occurs during installation of HeartToHeart4, there is a chance that installation has not been completed. Try uninstalling if possible, or reinstall.

Robot returns to the Home position when booted, even after setting the posture in the Project Setting screen.

In the current version, when the project settings are saved to the ROM during posture created in the Project Setting screen or the Motion Setting screen, a dialog that asks whether to boot at the current posture or the Home position will be displayed. Select the desired posture in this dialog, and save.

COM Port Communication Error

First, check the Dual USB adapter HS connection.

In HeartToHeart4, communication can not be established without having a project loaded. First load a project and then open the Project Setting Window.

Because the RCB-4 communication speed can be selected from three different choices, sometimes communication can not established when the RCB-4 and the Dual USB adapter HS settings do not match. When a COM port is selected, the port becomes active under the standard state. Open the Project Setting screen, and select the communication speed you wish to use in the "COM Baudrate" ComboBox. The RCB-4 setting is rewritten after selection.

The RCB-4 setting must be saved to ROM or else it will be lost after rebooting.

• Wireless controller does not operate.

Check the following items:

KRI-3, or KRR-5FH is connected to one of the ports from SIO5 to 8.

Communication speed of servo and KRI-3, or KRR-5FH coincide. To change the Baudrate of the KRI-3, or KRR-5FH, the Dual USB adapter HS and manager software for KRI-3, or KRR-5FH are necessary.

Turn the KRI-3, or KRR-5FH power on, while the KRR1 is attached.

Restart or reboot after writing button data.

Data written to the ROM becomes valid only after rebooting.

The message "unreachable control exists" appears in Build.

This message appears when there is a control to which a line is not connected in the Motion editing window. In such case, the unreachable control becomes selected on canvas after building is completed. Although the message will appear, there is no problem with the data written.

Motion does not operate correctly.

A motion does not operate simply by laying out the controls. Always double click the control to open the Setting dialog and click OK after setting to confirm the setting. When setting is confirmed, the program to be run by the RCB-4 is saved.

If numerous lines that cannot be supported by control are connected, program is combined in the order found by HeartToHeart4, so invalid controls will appear. Please check the connection state.

Unhandled exception occurred in application component" error at startup.

From Ver2.4, the normally used controls have been moved to a different folder. It has been confirmed that an error occurs when Ver2.3 is started after initial startup with Ver2.4. Controls may not be loaded due to the default settings.

In that case, there is a folder containing the controls of "HTH4.xml" and "ToolBox" which are the initial setting files in the folder of HeartToHeart4 in My Documents, so delete the two types and restart the software please look.



Contact Information

Kondo Kagaku co., LTD. Service Section 4-17-7, Higashi Nippori, Arakawa, Tokyo 116-0014

Tel: 03-3807-7648 (Direct line to Service Section)

* 9:00-12:00 13:00-17:00 excluding Saturdays, Sundays and national holidays

e-mail: webmaster@kondo-robot.com

(Inquiry by email is welcomed. However, please be informed that replies may require some time.)